RM-E9328 SECURITY INFORMATION CRESTRICTED

CODY RM E9G28

NACA

TECHNICAL LIBRARY
AIRESEARCH MANUFACTURING CO.
9851-9951 SEPULVEDA BLVD.
INGLEWOOD,
CALIFORNIA

# RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

ALTITUDE-WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF COMPRESSOR

PERFORMANCE ON J47 TURBOJET ENGINE

By William R. Prince and Emmert T. Jansen

Lewis Flight Propulsion Laboratory Cleveland, Ohio

CLASSIFIED DOCUMENT

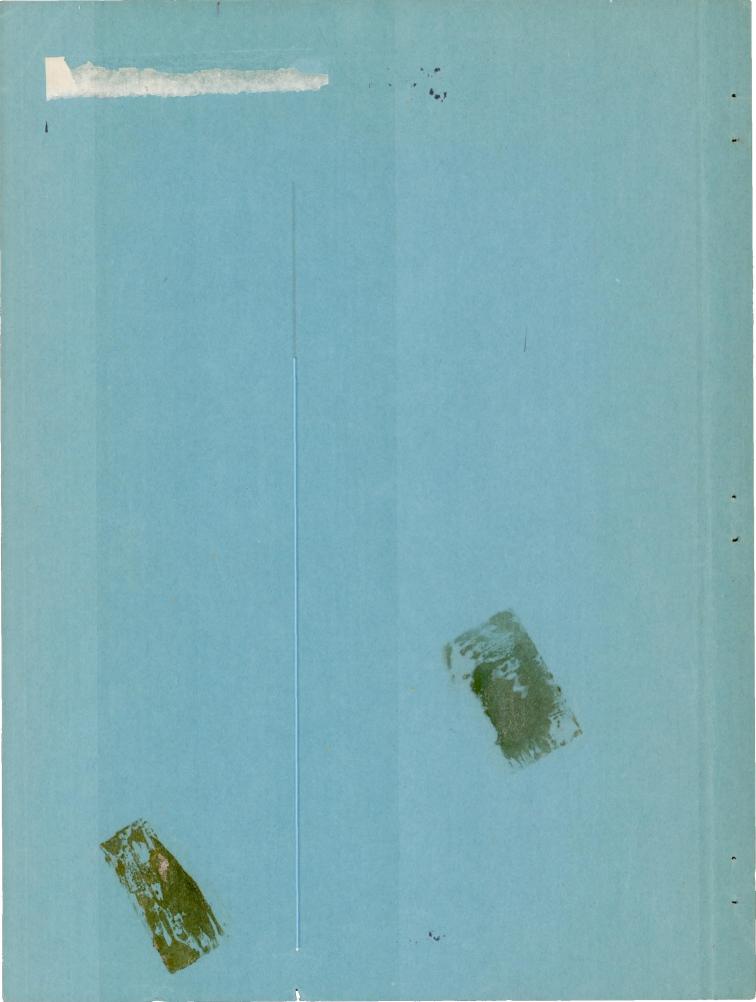
This document contains classified information sifecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Act, USC 50:31 and 32. Its transmission or the revelation of its contents in any manner to an unauthorized person is pro-hibited by law. Information so classified may be imparted only to persons in the millitary and navia services of the United States, appropriate civilian officers and employees of the Federal Covernment who have a legitimate interest therein, and to United States citizens of known to provide and advantage of the control to the control of the control

FOR AERONAUTICS

WASHINGTON

November 22, 1949

CONFIDENTIAL



# NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

# RESEARCH MEMORANDUM

ALTITUDE-WIND-TUNNEL INVESTIGATION OF COMPRESSOR PERFORMANCE

ON J47 TURBOJET ENGINE

By William R. Prince and Emmert T. Jansen

#### SUMMARY

An investigation has been conducted in the NACA Lewis altitude wind tunnel to determine the performance of a 12-stage axial-flow compressor operating as an integral part of the turbojet engine. Compressor-performance data were obtained while the turbojet engine was run over its full operable range of engine speeds at various simulated altitudes and flight Mach numbers. The use of three different exhaust-nozzle-outlet areas extended the range of compressor operation.

Increases in altitude from 5000 to 50,000 feet resulted in a decrease in compressor efficiency at all corrected air flows. The loss of compressor efficiency with increasing altitude is largely attributed to the effect of Reynolds number on compressor performance. The compressor operating lines shifted toward the high air-flow side of the region of peak efficiency as the altitude was increased. The maximum compressor efficiency obtained was approximately 87 percent and occurred at an altitude of 5000 feet and a corrected air flow of 80 pounds per second, which corresponds to a corrected engine speed of about 6300 rpm and a compressor pressure ratio of 3.5.

The velocity profile at the compressor outlet was symmetrical and was unaffected in general by variations in altitude, flight Mach number, exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, or engine speed.

#### INTRODUCTION

An investigation of a turbojet engine having a thrust rating of 5000 pounds at static sea-level conditions has been conducted in the NACA Lewis altitude wind tunnel. The over-all engine performance is summarized in reference 1.

The performance of a 12-stage axial-flow compressor operating as an integral part of the turbojet engine is reported herein. The range of operation of a compressor functioning as a component of a turbojet engine is restricted by the characteristics of the other components. Three exhaust-nozzle-outlet areas were therefore used in this investigation in order to extend the range of operation of the compressor. The engine was operated with each exhaust nozzle over a range of simulated flight conditions covering altitudes from 5000 to 50,000 feet and flight Mach numbers from 0.20 to 0.97. At each simulated flight condition, the engine was run over the full operable range of speed.

The effects of variations in altitude, flight Mach number, and exhaust-nozzle-outlet area on the compressor performance characteristics are graphically presented. A complete tabulation of the compressor performance data is also presented.

#### APPARATUS AND INSTRUMENTATION

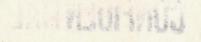
# Engine

The J47 turbojet engine used in this investigation (fig. 1) has a sea-level static rating of 5000 pounds thrust at an engine speed of 7900 rpm and a turbine-outlet temperature of 1735° R (1275° F). The main components of the standard engine include a 12-stage axial-flow compressor, eight cylindrical direct-flow combustors, a single-stage impulse turbine, a tail pipe, and a fixed-area exhaust nozzle. The standard exhaust nozzle used in this investigation has an outlet area of 280 square inches.

# Compressor

The compressor has approximately a flow capacity of 94 pounds of air per second and a compressor pressure ratio of 5.1 when the engine is operating at rated sea-level conditions.

Air enters the engine through an annular inlet duct around the accessory housing and passes into the compressor through a single row of inlet guide vanes. The air is discharged from the compressor through two rows of guide vanes into the combustion chambers. Small amounts of air are extracted from the eighth and twelfth stages of the compressor to cool the turbine rotor and to balance the axial thrust of the compressor rotor.



A seal is provided on the rotor at the twelfth rotor stage of the compressor and restricts the leakage flow to about  $1\frac{1}{2}$  pounds of air per second at rated sea-level conditions.

The length of the 12-stage compressor rotor (fig. 2) from the front face of the first-stage rotor disk to the rear face of the twelfth-stage rotor disk is approximately 27.7 inches and the blading has a constant outside diameter of 28.9 inches. The compressor stator is the split-casing type (fig. 3).

#### Installation

The engine was mounted on a wing section that spanned the 20-foot-diameter test section of the altitude wind tunnel (fig. 1). Compressor-inlet total pressures consistent with flight at high speeds were obtained by introducing dry refrigerated air from the tunnel make-up air system through a duct to the engine inlet. This air was throttled from approximately sea-level pressure to the desired pressure at the engine inlet while the static pressure in the tunnel test section was reduced to simulate the desired altitude. Inlet-air temperatures below -20° F, corresponding to high altitude and low flight Mach number, were not obtained. The inlet-air duct was connected to the engine by means of a frictionless slip joint, which permitted installation drag and engine thrust to be measured by the tunnel balance scales.

Three exhaust nozzles were used with the engine installation. The range of nozzle areas was limited from a minimum area fixed by maximum allowable turbine-outlet temperature at rated engine speed to a maximum area limited by the tail-pipe outlet area. The largest exhaust nozzle (342 sq in.) consisted of a straight pipe section 4-inches long clamped to the outlet of the standard tail pipe. The other two exhaust nozzles were uniformly tapered sections having lengths of 18 inches for the standard 280-square-inch nozzle and 12 inches for the 302-square-inch nozzle. These two nozzles were attached directly to the 4-inch straight-pipe section.

# Instrumentation

Pressures and temperatures were measured by instrumentation installed at several stations throughout the engine (fig. 4). Compressor-rotor-stage static pressures were measured by wall orifices located midway between the rows of stator blades. The location of instrumentation for stations 1, 2, and 3 is shown in figures 5, 6, and 7, respectively.

#### SYMBOLS

The following symbols are used in the calculations:

- A area, square feet
- a stagnation speed of sound in air, feet per second
- cp specific heat at constant pressure, Btu per pound per OR
- D compressor rotor-blade-tip diameter, feet
- g acceleration due to gravity, 32.2 feet per second per second
- H total enthalpy, Btu per second
- M Mach number
- N engine speed, rpm
- P total pressure, pounds per square foot absolute
- p static pressure, pounds per square foot absolute
- R gas constant for air, 53.4 foot-pounds per pound per of
- T total temperature, OR
- T<sub>1</sub> indicated temperature, OR
- t static temperature, OR
- U rotor-tip speed, feet per second
- V velocity, feet per second
- Wa air flow, pounds per second
- γ ratio of specific heat at constant pressure to specific heat at constant volume
- δ<sub>1</sub> ratio of absolute total pressure at engine inlet to absolute static pressure at NACA standard atmospheric sea-level conditions
- πatio of absolute total temperature at engine inlet to absolute
  static temperature at NACA standard atmospheric sea-level
  conditions

η<sub>c</sub> compressor efficiency, percent

# Subscripts:

- c compressor
- O free-stream conditions
- l engine inlet
- 2 compressor inlet
- 2a compressor stages
- 3 compressor outlet

The stations to which the numerical subscripts refer are shown in figure 4.

Generalizing parameters:

 $N/\sqrt{\theta_1}$  corrected engine speed, rpm

 $W_a(\sqrt{\theta_1}/\delta_1)$  corrected air flow, pounds per second

# METHODS OF CALCULATION

In the calculation of desired parameters, arithmetic average values of temperature and pressure were used.

Flight Mach number. - Flight Mach number was calculated from the measured ram pressure ratio by the following relation, in which complete ram-pressure recovery at the engine inlet was assumed:

$$M_{0} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\gamma - 1} \left[ \frac{\frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}}{\frac{p_{0}}{p_{0}}} \right]^{\gamma} - 1}$$
 (1)

Temperatures. - Static temperatures were determined from indicated temperatures with the following relation:

$$t = \frac{T_{i}}{1 + 0.85 \left[\frac{\gamma - 1}{\gamma}\right]}$$
 (2)

Air flow. - Air flow through the compressor was calculated from pressures and temperatures measured at the engine inlet, station 1, by the equation

$$W_{a,1} = p_1 A_1 \sqrt{\frac{2\gamma g}{(\gamma-1)Rt_1} \left(\frac{p_1}{p_1}\right)^{-1}}$$
(3)

Air-flow values obtained from measurements at the engineinlet station agreed within approximately 1 percent with those obtained from measurements at the exhaust nozzle.

Compressor efficiency. - Compressor efficiency was calculated in the following manner: The ideal total temperature  $T_3$ ', which is the temperature the air would attain by an isentropic compression, is

$$T_3' = T_1 \left(\frac{P_3}{P_1}\right)^{\frac{\gamma-1}{\gamma}}$$

The actual total temperature of the air  $T_3$  is higher than  $T_3$ ' because of losses in the compressor. These temperatures are related by the adiabatic efficiency, which is defined as

$$\eta_{c} = \frac{\Delta H_{ideal}}{\Delta H_{actual}}$$
$$= \frac{W_{a}c_{p} (T_{3}'-T_{1})}{W_{a}c_{p} (T_{3}-T_{1})}$$

or substituting to eliminate T3' gives

$$\eta_{c} = \frac{\left(\frac{P_{3}}{P_{1}}\right)^{\gamma} - 1}{\frac{T_{3}}{T_{1}} - 1}$$
(4)

Compressor Mach number. - Compressor Mach number is defined as the ratio of the tip speed of the compressor rotor blade to the velocity of sound in air at the total temperature of the engine-inlet air. The equation used is

$$M_{C} = \frac{U}{a_{1}} = \frac{\pi DN}{60 \sqrt{\gamma gRT_{1}}}$$
 (5)

Compressor-outlet velocity. - Compressor-outlet velocity was determined by the equation

$$V_{3} = \sqrt{\frac{2\gamma}{\gamma - 1}} gRt_{3} \left[ \left( \frac{P_{3}}{P_{3}} \right)^{\gamma} - 1 \right]$$
 (6)

where P<sub>3</sub> is the average of the total pressures measured at each radial station. Average static pressures and static temperatures were used in equation (6).

#### RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

# Method of Presentation

Compressor-performance data have been generalized to standard sea-level conditions by the use of correction factors  $\delta_1$  and  $\theta_1$ .

A compressor operating line was obtained for each combination of altitude, flight Mach number, and exhaust-nozzle-outlet area. Three forms of the operating line are presented: (1) relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected engine speed, (2) relation of corrected air flow to corrected engine speed, and (3) relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected air flow. The characteristics of the compressor are shown by contours of constant efficiency and

lines of constant corrected engine speed presented on plots of compressor pressure ratio as a function of corrected air flow. Data are presented to show the effect of altitude, flight Mach number, exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, and corrected engine speed on the velocity profiles at the compressor outlet and rotor-stage static-pressure ratios. A complete tabulation of compressor-performance data is presented in table I.

# Compressor Operating Lines

Effect of altitude. - The effect of altitude on the compressor operating lines is shown in figure 8. At corrected engine speeds below 6000 rpm, the operating lines showing the relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected engine speed generalized to a single curve (fig. 8(a)). Above 6000 rpm, an increase in altitude caused a shift in the operating line to higher pressure ratios such that at 7900 rpm an increase in altitude from 5000 to 50,000 feet resulted in a 3-percent increase in pressure ratio. This increase in pressure ratio at a constant corrected engine speed is a result of the decrease in compressor efficiency with increasing altitude largely due to the effect of Reynolds number on compressor performance. The operating lines showing the relation of corrected air flow to corrected engine speed shifted toward lower air flows with increasing altitude over the entire range of engine speeds (fig. 8(b)). The decrease in corrected air flow amounts to 3.5 percent at a corrected engine speed of 7900 rpm for an increase in altitude from 5000 to 50,000 feet; this loss in weight flow is likewise attributed to the Reynolds number effect on the compressor with increase in altitude. The characteristic shape of the air-flow curve (fig. 8(b)) as the engine approaches rated speed is a result of the air flow at the compressor inlet reaching a choked condition and thereby limiting the flow through the engine. The effect of altitude on the relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected air flow is shown in figure 8(c).

Effect of flight Mach number. - The compressor pressure ratio decreased with an increase in flight Mach number (fig. 9(a)), the greatest shift taking place at corrected engine speeds below 6500 rpm. In general, increases in flight Mach number slightly increased the corrected air flow at all corrected engine speeds (fig. 9(b)). A change in flight Mach number from 0.20 to 0.97 at a corrected engine speed of 7900 rpm raised the corrected air flow approximately  $1\frac{1}{2}$  pounds. A trend similar to that in figure 9(a) can be observed for the operating line based on corrected air flow (fig. 9(c)).

Effect of exhaust-nozzle-outlet area. - An increase in exhaust-nozzle-outlet area caused a drop in the compressor pressure ratio at any constant corrected engine speed (fig. 10(a)); however, no significant change in corrected air flow occurred for any given corrected engine speed over the range of nozzles investigated (fig. 10(b)). Increasing the exhaust-nozzle-outlet area resulted in a decrease in compressor pressure ratio at any constant corrected air flow (fig. 10(c)).

# Compressor Efficiency

Effect of altitude. - An increase in altitude caused a decrease in compressor efficiency at all corrected air flows (fig. 11(a)). At rated engine speed of 7900 rpm, an increase in altitude from 5000 to 50,000 feet decreased the compressor efficiency from 79 to 72 percent. This loss of efficiency with increasing altitude is largely attributed to the Reynolds number effect on compressor performance (reference 2).

Effect of flight Mach number. - At constant corrected air flows less than 70 pounds per second, an increase in flight Mach number resulted in a loss of compressor efficiency (fig. ll(b)). Above a corrected air flow of 90 pounds per second, an increase in flight Mach number at constant corrected air flow indicated an increase in compressor efficiency.

Effect of exhaust-nozzle-outlet area. - The effect of nozzle area on compressor efficiency is shown for altitudes of 5000. 25,000, and 45,000 feet at a flight Mach number of 0.20 in figures ll(c), ll(d), and ll(e), respectively. At an altitude of 5000 feet, the medium nozzle area of 302 square inches gave the highest compressor efficiencies below a corrected air flow of 90 pounds per second (fig. 11(c)). At corrected air flows greater than 90 pounds per second, an increase in nozzle area resulted in a drop in compressor efficiency. The general trend was the same at 25,000 feet except that the reversal of the order of the efficiency curves occurred at a corrected air flow of approximately 80 pounds per second (fig. 11(d)). At 45,000 feet, the standard 280-squareinch nozzle area gave the highest compressor efficiencies for all corrected air flows; and, at a constant corrected air flow, any increase in nozzle area caused a drop in compressor efficiency (fig. 11(e)).

In general, the change in efficiency between corrected air flows of 60 and 90 pounds per second was relatively small for all the conditions investigated, which gives the compressor a wide range of operation at close to maximum efficiency (fig. 11).

#### Characteristic Curves

Compressor-performance characteristics for three altitudes of 5000, 25,000, and 45,000 feet at a flight Mach number of 0.20 are presented in figures 12 and 13. These cross plots were constructed using figures 8 and 11 and comparable curves of the data for the other two nozzle configurations. Inasmuch as the range in compressor pressure ratio was small, because of the limited nozzle-area variation, only the operating line for the standard nozzle has been superimposed on figures 12 and 13. The length of the constant speed lines is indicative of the range of operation of the compressor with the nozzle-area variation used in this investigation. At a given compressor presssure ratio and a given corrected engine speed, an increase in altitude resulted in a decrease in corrected air flow (fig. 12). The operating lines and the lines indicating regions of maximum efficiency shift to higher compressor pressure ratios and lower corrected air flows with an increase in altitude. The shift of the region of maximum efficiency is greater, which results in the compressor operating lines shifting toward the high air-flow side of the region of maximum efficiency (fig. 12). The maximum compressor efficiency was approximately 87 percent and occurred at a corrected air flow of 80 pounds per second and an altitude of 5000 feet (fig. 13(a)). This maximum efficiency occurred at a compressor pressure ratio of approximately 3.5 and at a corrected engine speed of about 6300 rpm. A change in altitude from 5000 to 45,000 feet caused a decrease in maximum compressor efficiency for the range of nozzle areas investigated from 87 to about 80 percent (fig. 13).

The velocity profile at the compressor outlet (fig. 14) was symmetrical with no indication of reversal of flow at the blade roots. The data showed no general effect on the velocity profile or average velocities with variations in altitude (fig. 14(a)), flight Mach number (fig. 14(b)), exhaust-nozzle-outlet area (fig. 14(c)), or corrected engine speed (fig. 14(d)).

The compressor-rotor-stage static-pressure-ratio profiles for variations in altitude, flight Mach number, exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, and corrected engine speed are presented in figure 15.

#### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

From an investigation of a turbojet engine in the NACA Lewis altitude wind tunnel over a range of simulated altitudes and flight Mach numbers, the following results relating to the performance of the compressor were obtained:

1. Increases in altitude from 5000 to 50,000 feet resulted in a decrease in compressor efficiency at all corrected air flows. The loss of compressor efficiency with increasing altitude is largely attributed to the Reynolds number effect on compressor performance.

- 2. The change in efficiency between corrected air flows of 60 and 90 pounds per second is relatively small for all conditions investigated; as a result, the compressor may be operated over a wide range of engine speeds at close to maximum efficiency.
- 3. The compressor operating lines shifted toward the high air-flow side of the region of peak efficiency as the altitude was increased.
- 4. The maximum compressor efficiency obtained was approximately 87 percent and occurred at an altitude of 5000 feet and a corrected air flow of 80 pounds per second, which corresponds to a corrected engine speed of about 6300 rpm and a compressor pressure ratio of 3.5.
- 5. The velocity profile at the compressor outlet was symmetrical and was unaffected in general by variations in altitude, flight Mach number, exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, or engine speed.

Lewis Flight Propulsion Laboratory,
National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics,
Cleveland, Ohio.

# REFERENCES

- Conrad, E. William, and Sobolewski, Adam E.: Altitude-Wind-Tunnel Investigation of J47 Turbojet-Engine Performance. NACA RM E9G09.
- 2. Wallner, Lewis E., and Fleming, William A.: Reynolds Number Effect on Axial-Flow Compressor Performance. NACA RM E9G11.

1175

TABLE I - COMPRESSOR PERFORMANCE

														1000		No. 1	1			
	nde .	t area, (sq in.)	. Mach number,	essure ratio,	N 'peed'	re, po	-inlet total	re, Pl	et Pl	pressure, P2	ssor-inlet pressure, pg (ft abs.)		atic	press	ure,	otor-stage ure, p <sub>2a</sub> abs.)				
Run	Altitude (ft)	Exhau	Flight Mo	Ram pr	Engine (rpm)	Tunnel pressur (1b/sq	Engine	Engine-ini pressure, (1b/so ft	Engine pressu (1b/sq	Compres total p (1b/sq	Compressible (1b/sq	1	2	3	4	5	6			
		-			1					040		1				5				
	5,000	280	0.230	1.038	7895 7692	1740 1756	512 514	1806	1618	1790	1411	1094	1254 1320	1480 1552	1733 1833	2113	2507 2594			
	5,000	280	.230	1.039	7500	1740	512	1808	1624	1784	1425	1128	1346	1606	1895	2261	2648			
1	5,000	280	.220	1.036	6993	1742	513	1805	1638	1788	1469	1291	1538	1812	2115	2488				
1		280	.215	1.034	6459	1742	512	1802	1666		1538	1446	1707	1981	2263	2615	2953			
	5,000	280	.210	1.033	5944	1744	511	1802	1692	1800	1605	1575	1807	2054	2314	2610	2920			
	5,000	280	.215	1.034	4091	1749	509	1809	1779	1810	1755	1763	1890	1988	2101	2235	2361			
	5,000	280	.210	1.032	3147	1745	509	1800	1785	1806	1774	1780	1844	1907	1963	2041	2118			
10		280	.210	1.032	2046	1738	509	1793	1786	1800	1782	1787	1815	1830	1858	1893	1921			
1:		302	.220	1.036	7895 7692	1740	496	1802	1616	1783 1785	1405	1085	1247 1266	1444	1677 1745	2008	2352 2428			
13	5,000	302	.220	1.036	7500	1753	498	1816	1632	1792	1428		1331	1563	1683	2189				
14		302	.215	1.033	6993	1747	499	1804	1634	1787	1456	1247	1487	1754	2050	2402	2768			
1		302	.206	1,030	6459 5944	1745	501	1798	1655	1789	1521	1407	1653	1928	2217	2562				
1'		302	.206	1.030	5024	1745 1754	501	1797	1687	1795 1814	1588	1548 1712	1787 1895	2034 2078	2294 2275	2604 2479	2914			
i		302	.198	1.029	4091	1748	499	1798	1764	1810	1740	1748	1875	1980	2100	2241	2375			
1	5,000	302	.196	1.028	3147	1745	498	1793	1777	1812	1766	1773	1837	1900	1963	2048				
20		302	.198	1.029	2046	1748	497	1798	1792	1817	1786	1797	1818	1840	1868	1903	1931			
2:		342	.215	1.034	7895 7692	1752 1745	495	1812	1626	1768 1757	1416	1069	1259 1259	1456	1675	2005	2329			
23		342	.210	1.030	7500	1747	496	1800	1619	1759	1417	1041	1209	1410	1111	2000	2019			
24	5,000	342	.210	1.030	6993	1753	498	1806	1638	1768	1460	1253	1485	1753	2035	2394	2739			
2		342	.195	1.027	6459	1753	497	1801	1660	1768	1523	1401	1661	1922	2211	2541	2879			
2'		342	.210	1.030	5944 5024	1741	497	1793 1803	1682	1765	1581	1523 1704	1769	2016	2269 2267	2586 2478	2881			
28		342	.200	1.029	4091	1744	498	1795	1762	1781	1737	1751	1878	1983	2103	2244	2378			
29	5,000	342	.200	1.029	3147	1744	496	1795	1780	1785	1768	1765	1843	1892	1969	2047	2117			
30	5,000	342	.200	1.029	2046	1742	495	1793	1787	1784	1783	1784	1812	1834	1862	1897	1918			
38		302	.220	1.035	7895 7692	1186	478	1228	1102	1218	955 956	686	848 855	982 989	1123	1341	1580			
. 40		302	.215	1.034	7500	1190	476	1230	1107	1201	964	718	873	1028	1190	1429	1662			
4:	15,000	302	.210	1.033	6993	1191	476	1230	1112	1223	981	804	966	1149	1339	1578	1818			
4:		302	.205	1.030	6459	1189	475	1225	1124	1224	1022	929	1097	1281	1478	1717	1956			
43		302	.198	1.029	5944 5024	1190	474	1225	1144	1229 1234	1082	1028	1204	1373	1556	1774	1993			
4		302	.198	1.029	4091	1186	470	1220	1197	1238	1178	1193	1285	1355		1545	1637			
4	15,000	302	.205	1.030	3147	1183	472	1218	1206	1237	1198	1204	1253	1296	1338	1394	1451			
4		342	.210	1.033	7895 7692	1183	475	1222	1097	1190	951	669	838	965		1310	1542			
48		342	.210	1.033	7500	1187	477	1226 1232	1103	1195	957 966	694	863	997	1152	1363	1595 1658			
50		342	.205	1.030	6993	1190	472	1226	1109	1198	979	810	972	1141	1331	1570	1802			
5:	15,000	342	.200	1.029	6459	1187	479	1221	1121	1197	1019	927	1103	1279	1469	1701	1933			
52	15,000	342		1.028	5944	1188	479		1143	1203	1069	1026		1371						
54	15,000	342	.198	1.028	5024 4091	1188	481	1221	1176	1209	1137		1272		1533 1443	1681				
	15,000	342		1.029		1190	478	1225	1213	1220	1205		1267		1352	1408	1465			
56	15,000	342	.200	1.029	2046	1186	477	1220	1215	1217	1212	1214	1235	1256	1270	1292	1313			
5	7 25,000	280			7692	777	452	806	723	793	626	460	559	657	749	960	1115			
58	25,000	280	225	1.037	7500 6993	774	455	803	721 726	791 793	626	471 524	570	661	760	943	1105			
60	25,000	280			6459	779	455	805	735	794	636	596	622 709	828	962	1030	1293			
6:	25,000	280	.210	1.033	5944	778	456	804	748	793	695	658	778	898	1024	1165	1320			
62			.205	1.031	5024	778	455	802	770	795	744	750	841	933	1024	1123	1229			
63		280		1.030		777	456 456	800	783 789	796	771	784 788	840	890		1016				
64	20,000	1200	.200	1.030	OT# /	114	1200	191	109	793	784	1 100	823	844	873	915	950			

DATA FOR TURBOJET ENGINE

						-										
7	stati	c pre	r-roto	, P2		Straightening-vane static pressure, pga (lb/sq ft abs.)	Compressor-outlet total temperature, T <sub>3</sub> (oR)	Compressor-outlet total pressure, P3 (lb/sq ft abs.)	Compressor-outlet static pressure, p3 (1b/sq ft abs.)	Compressor pressure ratio, P <sub>3</sub> /P <sub>1</sub>	Corrected engine speed, N/√61, (rpm)	Compressor Mach	Air flow, Wa,1 (1b/sec)	Corrected air flow, Wa, 1491/61, (1b/sec)	Compressor efficiency, \$\epsilon_c\$, (percent)	Run
707	7050	ATTT	5050	2070	Two wa	-		-	-		-					
303 305 309 329 333 322 286 247, 193 275 282 294 316 327 3216 290 2494 2185 195 2688 2738	8 3847 2 3838 3 3888 3 3673 3 3155 4 2625 5 1970 4 2493 2 3519 3 3667 3 3667 3 3667 2 273 2 293 2 293	4586 4542 4558 4389 4060 3373 2749 2308 1984 4225 4230 4301 4394	5755 5570 5586 5570 5501 5501 5501 5235 5123 5123 5123 5123 5123 5123 512	6585 6400 6107 5551 4898 3760 2897 2350 1984 6288 6166 6132 5915 5469 4885	7677 7428 6888 6093 5236 3866 2875 2315 1949 7442 7229 7103 6668 5997 5202 3908 2896	8808 8585 8308 7585 6593	902 885 873 837 798 755 684 622 869 853 841 808 770 734 668 612 562 855 839	9339 9095 8759 7980 6946 5874 4215 3066 2419 1993 8928 8637 4278 3093 2427 2012 8448 8237 7481	9066 8794 8458 7710 6703 5674 4082 2983 2372 1974 8634 8353 8149 7499 6621 5656 4130 3001 2379 1992 8178 7937	5.1715 4.995 4.845 4.421 3.855 3.260 2.346 1.695 1.344 4.790 4.648 4.307 3.818 3.265 2.369 1.720 1.354 1.112 4.662 4.573	7950 7730 7553 7035 6504 5992 5069 4132 3178 2066 8077 7861 7658 6051 5114 4173 3213 2091 8086 7673	0.896 .871 .851 .793 .675 .571 .466 .358 .233 .910 .886 .863 .804 .741 .682 .236 .911 .865	81.08 81.07 80.28 76.94 70.23 63.66 48.05 34.21 23.73 16.42 81.82 81.83 78.55 72.30 64.11 49.38 325.40 15.06 82.17 81.30 80.99	94.37 93.73 93.27 89.64 81.88 74.14 56.10 39.63 27.63 19.18 93.99 93.37 90.33 83.60 74.18 56.85 41.98 82.93 517.35 93.73 93.73 93.73 93.73 93.73 93.73	78.8 80.9 80.9 83.9 84.3 84.2 80.9 77.4 69.1 68.1 77.2 78.9 80.1 83.7 87.0 86.6 83.9 74.1 76.1 76.1 78.8	1 2 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23
3231		4231	4815	5329	5808	6266	764	6653	6406	3.693	7140 6601	.805	78.42	90.02	84.1	24
3184	3628	4001	4444	4789	5092	5395	727	5738	5531	3.200	6075	.744	72.30	83.12	84.3	25 26
2901		3414	3640	3788	3851	3992	664	4227	4078	2.343	5135	.579	49.49	56.85	82.1	27
2490		2772	2863	2906	2863	2927	606	3060	2971	1.705	4177	.471	36.37	42.00	76.0	28
1939		2321	2356	2349	2293	2321	561	2397	2342	1.335	3219	.363	23.97	27.63	65.7	29
1890		1988	1988	1974	1946 5241	1946 5882	519 857	1982	1962	1.105	2095	.236	15.05	17.34	59.8	30
1883		2869	3615	4248	5023	5678	837	6274	6086 5811	5.109	8227	.927	56.71	93.77	74.9	38
1929		2880	3570	4196	4921	5583	821	5889	5687	4.788	7830	.882	56.66	93.86	76.7	39
2099		2972	3535	4084	4662	5190	787	5465	5279	4.443	7301	.823	55.33	91.16	81.4	41
2217		2970 2830	3414	3836	4251	4632	751	4891	4718	3.993	6750	.761	51.61	85.29	83.6	42
2005		2385	3168 2561	3464 2695	3724 2772	3985 2878	712 646	4217	4073	3.442	6217	.701	46.65	77.02	84.5	43
1728		1932	2017	2052	2038	2087	580	3043 2188	2938	2.492	5250 4300	.592	35.04	58.11	82.9	44
1493		1598	1627	1627	1598	1619	535	1675	1641	1.375	3301	.372	25.43	41.96	77.6	45
1781		2704	3415	4091	4872	5541	843	5893	5689	4.822	8250	.930	56.55	93.72	73.3	47
1835	2271	2729	3376	4024	4742	5397	828	5711	5503	4.658	8023	.904	56.24	93.07	75.1	48
2063		2784 2894	3397	4002 3914		5283 4935	814 776	5589 5225	5414	4.537	7815	.881	56.05	92.41	77.0	49
2187		2898	3306	3686		4397	747	4657	5034 4489	4.262	7336 6724	.758	55.37	91.11	79.8	50
2181		2765	3075	3328	3560	3793	712	4023	3879	3.295	6188		50.93	84.78 75.63	83.4	51
1984	2188	2343	2504	2624	2695	2786	650	2952	2849	2.418			34.87			53
1711	1838	1915	1986	2014	2000	2042			2075	1.744	4259	.480	24.56	40.79	74.4	54
1327	1570 1355	1369	1360	1626	1598	1612			1632	1.361	3279	.370	18.37	30.44	68.9	55
1502	1820	2431	2840	3354	3741	4177			1352 4327	1.116		.241	11.56	19.22	60.9	56
1358	1717	2140	2661	3125	3534	3942			4064		8010	.903	38.38 38.02	93.80	75.6	58
1397	1720	2044	2467	2840	3297	3677	779		3734	4.811		.841	37.39	92.13	80.1	59
1483	1772	2039	2377	2680	3078	3320		3485	3368	4.329	6898	.777	35,39	87.12	82.5	60
1334	1721 1496	1926	2172	2397	2622	2827			2876	3.701		.715	31.96	78.84	83.8	61
1143	1228	1284	1347	1382	1397	1425			2040	2.622	5366	.605	24.64	60.86	81.1	62
985	1020	1056	1077	1084	1077	1091				1.873		379	18.10	30 46	70.0	64
	1			,						T. T.T.	0000	.010]	120024	00.40	Teci	04



65 25 66 25 68 25	Altitude (ft)	Exhaust-nozzle- outlet area, (sq in.)	ght Mach number,	essure ratio,	speed, N	tatic, PO t abs.)	let total	et total Pl abs.)	et static Pl abs.)	ssure, P2	-inlet ssure, p <sub>2</sub> abs.)		atic	press	ure,		
65 25 66 25 67 25 68 25			F118	Ram pre P1/P0	Engine s (rpm)	nnel sessure	Engine-inle temperature	Engine-inle pressure, P	Engine-inle pressure, p (1b/sq ft a	Compressor-inl total pressure (1b/sq ft abs.	Compressor-inle static pressure (1b/sq ft abs.)	1		sq ft			6
66 25 67 25 68 25	000 2						日本	8 G C	_	_			2		4	5	6
70   25   71   25   72   25   73   25   74   25   77   25   77   25   77   25   77   25   77   25   77   25   25	000   000	280 280 280 280 280 280 280 280	0.205	1.030 1.207 1.209 1.211 1.213 1.208 1.202 1.204 1.199 1.412 1.403 1.403 1.403 1.413 1.410 1.415 1.603 1.603 1.603 1.603 1.603 1.611 1.609 1.603 1.611 1.621 1.857 1.817 1.820 1.837 1.838 1.032	2046 7895 7690 6993 6459 4091 72727 7895 7590 6993 6459 7590 6993 6459 7590 6993 6459 7690 7690 7690 7690 7690 7690 7690 769	774 781 781 778 785 778 781 778 781 778 781 778 781 781 781	455 456 456 456 456 456 456 456	943 946 939 942 948 939 940 933 1093 1096 1102 1104 1105 1098 1247 1258 1259 1385 1414 1423 1424 1423 1424 1423 809 806 805 804 803 804 803 804 803 804 803 804 803 804 803 804 804 805 804 805 806 806 806 806 806 806 806 806 806 806	793 845 838 847 844 858 879 919 930 925 977 976 983 992 1007 1026 1114 1119 11155 1173 1212 1238 1265 1275 726 726 726 726 726 726 727 728 735 748 772 788 992 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 1007 100	793 927 920 928 923 927 925 919 930 924 927 1061 1054 1057 1062 1082 1081 1213 11231 1221 1231 1231 1231 1244 1253 1390 1391 1392 1396 814 812 814 812 814 813 817 825 829 1061 1088 1075 1088 1081 1402 1391 1343 1416 1421 785	791 732 726 735 740 818 871 905 922 920 848 858 878 916 900 1020 976 981 1021 1104 1176 1081 1112 1160 1208 629 629 638 660 679 627 1045 1103 107 1045 1103 107 1045 1103 1045 1057 1067 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 10	795 535 535 535 542 598 701 778 891 915 936 626 635 661 738 839 929 1034 1084 1183 816 862 894 1027 1153 1232 454 7471 513 661 746 651 738 661 797 795 621 640 651 7329 1036 929 1036 823 858	809 647 661 718 834 912 985 971 953 767 889 915 1077 1147 	823 753 753 774 851 975 1058 1041 1006 975 880 889 929 1163 1232 1260 1163 1232 1260 1140 1214 1254 1429 1140 1214 1554 1554 1598 647 668 732 894 894 999 894 853 816 889 999 1034 894 806 894 919 1036 894 894 807 807 808 808 809 809 809 809 809 809 809 809	830 858 866 894 9130 1193 1186 1105 1006 1029 1386 1379 1274 1457 1555 1316 1419 1485 1485 1661 1773 1788 739 774 858 957 1013 1022 1392 1034 1046 1057 1078 1078 1078 1078 1078 1078 1078 107	837 1070 1077 1091 1189 1320 1369 1299 1299 1299 1299 1557 1591 1513 	858 1260 1280 1280 1281 1394 1510 1545 1119 1060 1541 1154 1119 1061 1774 1647 1774 2098 2250 2250 2250 2250 2250 2250 2250 225



DATA FOR TURBOJET ENGINE - Continued

	-				-	_		T		T	-	1	_		1.5	_
						Р2a		100	p3	0,				000	clency,	
1	Compr	essor	-roto	r-sta	ge	Straightening-vane static pressure, p (lb/sq ft abs.)	sor-outlet emperature	P P	0 0	sure	(rpm)			low,	cle	
	stati	c pre	ssure	, Pos		3.	ttn	-outlet sure, P	sor-outl pressure ft abs.)	0 0	engine	Mach	1 -	r f1 (1b)	f.1	
	(1	b/sq	ft ab	s.)		Ing	000	-out sure abs.	ssur abs.	pre	l'ing	Ma	g	44	eff1	
						re t	OF	or.	res t a	sor P	Na Na	Sor	*			
100						Ph pt	ess tel	sson pres	00	P	cte		000	cted   $\theta_1/\delta_1$	880	
1865						44 8	90	1 PB	tic sq	0 0	de.	9 12	flor	900	pe (	
7	8	9	10	1,,	120	cra tat	Compre total	Compressor- total press (lb/sq ft a	ERO	Compress ratio, F	P 0	Compres number,		orre a,1V	ompressor (percel	c
-				11	12	-		1000		P C C				OB	OF	Run
1647						894	485 879	909	898	1.141	2185	0.246	8.70	21.63	56.4	65
1591	2013						851	4985	4833	5.448	8313	.937	44.26	94.32	71.1	
1569			3104	3632			817	4912	4764	5.192	8003	.902	45.17	94.70	76.0	
1626				3308		4294 3805	774	4525	4366	4.819	7462	.841	44.24	93.41	81.4	
1728					2996		698	4006	3874 3289	4.253	6872	.774	41.79 38.14	88.21	84.2	
1545		1834	1968	2066	2130	2214	628	2335	2251	2.495	5300	.597	28.06	80.16	86.0	
1309						1492	566	1575	1524	1.677	4316	.486	21.02	44.89	74.3	
1154						1126	520 499	1180	1151	1.255	3323	.375	15.02	32.02	56.7	74
1879	2365	3090	3738	4456		5561	869	5921	5755	5.417	2888	.325	13.71 51.82	29.36	47.7	75 76
1895	2374	3001			4852	5415	856	5759	5589	5.288	8038	.906	50.79	94.44	76.1	77
1830		2773	3477			5209	835	5529	5348	5.045	7815	.881	50.75	94.05	78.8	78
2022		2712	3127	3507		4863	799 758	5115 4486	4938	4.642	7287 6737	.821	50.34 47.59	92.76	82.1	79
1971	2259	2506	2787	3027	3231	3449	716	3657	3525	3.310	6182	.697	43.26	87.47	83.7	80
1767	1943	2069	2189	2266		2337	635	2489	2390	2.267	5240	.591	32.96	60.90	79,6	82
2142	2684	3296	4092	4747	5408	6035	875	6403	6000	5 100	8116	.915	57.76	95.35		83
2112	2633	3139	3872	4449	5188	5786	860	6123	6208 5911	5.180	7869 7658	.887	53.5	91.0	78.7	84
2273	2731	3175	3745	4266	4829	5343	823	5621	5425	4.468	7119	.802	54.06	89.32	83.1	86
2309	2682 2513	3034 2766	3463	3843	4217	4569	780	4829	4651	3.842	6575	.741	50.99	84.30	84.3	87
1971	2147	2281	3055	3280 2435	3470 2365	3660 2435	727 654	3899 2599	3759 2490	3.114	6069 5109	.684	45.33	75.03	83.5	88
2330	2942	3639	4569	5336	6040	6751	887	7165	6964	5.173	8029	.905	35.63	95.33	76.1	89
2411 2450	3017	3629 3583	4516	5185	5995	6670	882	7088	6854	5.013	7754	.874	63.95	94.91	80.7	91
2583	3090	3569	4400	5047 4759	5850 5371	6540 5913	874 838	6902 6230	6663	4.850	7545 7028	.850	63.83	94.35	81.1	92
2589	3005	3392	3849	4251	4631	4997	794	5290	5096	3.725			61.07	90.30	83.3	93
2457 1250	2773	3027	3322	3548	3703	3893	740	4155	3993	2.949						95
1225	1562	1907	2601	3087 2858	3538 3372	3967 3787	848 825	4231 4032	4103 3904	5.230	8400	.947	37.77	92.87	71.0	96
1253	1577	1893	2372	2773	3287	3703	806	3926	3791	4.877	7980	.921	37.39 37.31	92.42	73.7	97
1351	1647	1943	2323	2696	3090	3463	767	3651	3522	4.541	7441	.839		90.39	80.3	99
1464	1717 1696	1971	2281	2576 2344	2879 2548	3161 2738	727	3329 2894	3214 2792	4.141	6918			86.65	82.4	100
1337	1485	1605	1731	1823	1893	1971	621	2085	2017		6378 5391		31.91	78.36	83.1	101
1140	1225	1281	1337	1365	1365	1401	569	1466	1426		4349			41.97	78.4	103
980	1029	1058	1079	1079	1065	1072	523 488	1114	1091		3336			30.44	73.0	104
1663	2121	2620	3374	3972	4634	5204	852	903   5547	894 5375		2167	.932		19.21	66.9	105
1682	2119	2548	3203	3759	4442	5019	833	5320	5141		8046			93.75	75.6	106
1721	2130 2266	2545	3129	3686	4312	4882	821	5155	4971	4.716	7823	.882	50.64	94.00	77.4	108
	2294	2647	3118	3590 3314	4076 3638	4533 3948	787 749	4788 4186	4613		7287	.821	49.93		80.9	109
1943	2217	2449	2710	2928	3104	3287	708	3504	3372		6724 6182	.758			82.8	110
1762	1938	2064	2184	2247	2279	2290	636	2441	2341	2.229	5230	.589	32.38	60.101	78.7	
2154	2777	3294	1679	1658	1538 5808	1531	575	1631	1559	1.505		.480	23.54	44.18		113
2189	2717	32591	4041	4766	5589	6329	863	6964	6739 6455		8116 7900	.915			76.3	
2281	2794	33221	4048	4752	5505	6202	835	6549	6318	4.625	7703	.868			78.8	
2560	2970	3428	4033	4590	5174 4538	5716	798		5826	4.233	7175	.809	63.48	91.75	82.6	117
2478	28011	30761	3379	36111	3773	3970	758 713		5000	3.647	6614				84.3	
1182	1478	1795	2295	2731	3266	3696	835		3805	4.985	8361	.687			83.2	
1196	1492	1802	2252	2682	3175	3611	820	3827	3719	4.748	8146	.918	37.28	92.41	72.8	
1229	1510	1813	2221	2630	3080 2963	3502	801		3564	4.610	7943	.895	37.01	92.19	75.1	122
1436	1682	1929	2210	2471	2738	3301	766		3363 3046	3.939	7413	.835	36.37		79.3	
1442 1322	1660	1857	2068	2265	2434	2603	697		2660	3.444		.711			82.0	
1322	1463	1576	1695	1773	1822	1899	628	2012	1942	2.512 8	5341	.602 2	23.99	59.63	31.9	126
1133	TOTI	12/4	1020	1944	1330	1365	566	1433	1391	1.785	1349	.490	16.94	11.99	77.3	127



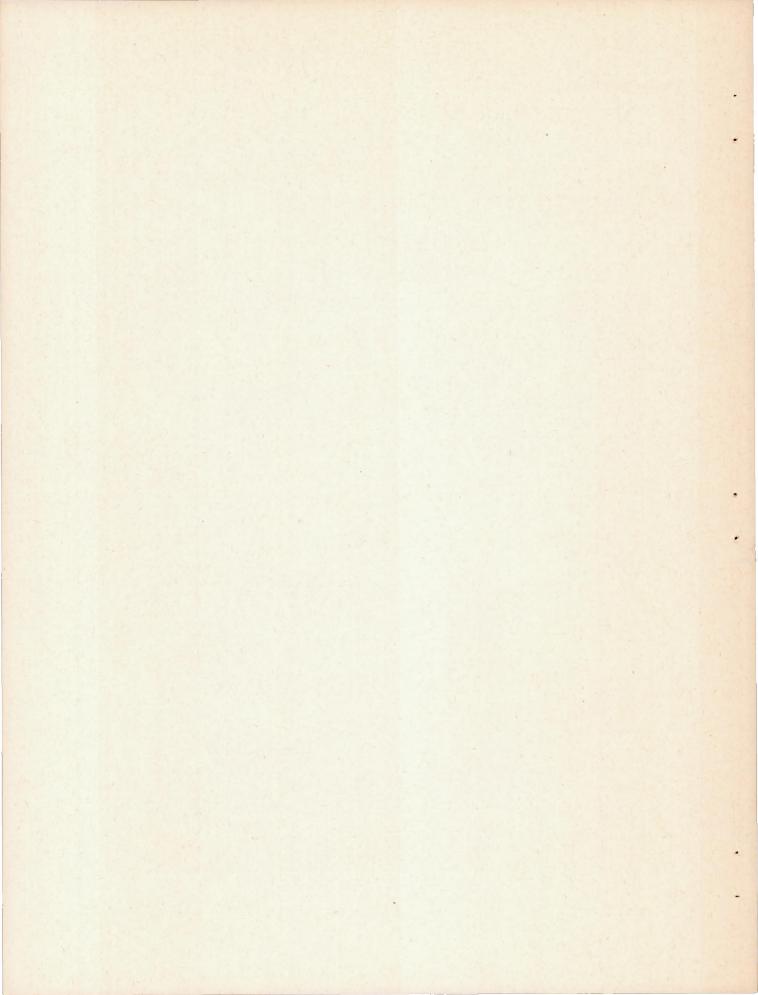
TABLE I - COMPRESSOR PERFORMANCE

		- 1n.)	number,	ratio,	N	-	total T <sub>1</sub> (°R)	total .)	static .)	et P2	et ps	Co	-stage	э			
		zle- (sq			d,	Po Po abs.)		02	60	sor-inlet ressure, ft abs.)	ssor-inlet pressure, ft abs.)	50	(1b)	sq f	sure,	) <sup>2</sup> a	
		-noz	Mach	sure	speed,		lle	P P		1000	sor- pres ft a						Day!
	de			m			atr	re, re,	re,	00 04							
	tu	uns	ght	pre	n)	lel ssu ssu	Ine	lne ssu ssu	ne s	al sq	ore tic						
Run	Altitude (ft)	Exhaust outlet	Flight Mo	Ram P <sub>1</sub> /F	Engine (rpm)	Tunnel pressur (1b/sq	Engine-inlet temperature,	Engine-inlet pressure, P <sub>1</sub> (1b/sq ft ab	Engine-in] pressure, (1b/sq ft	Compre total (1b/sq	Comprestation (1b/sc	1	2	3	4	5	6
	25,000	342	0.200	1.028	3147	776	458	798	791	796	786	790	825	846	875	917	952
129	25,000	342	.713	1.404	7895	778	471	1092	975	1041	847	623	750	870	989	1172	1376
130	25,000	342 342	.710	1.399	7695 7500	780 781	473	1091	978 978	1043	850 853	632	766 774	886 9 <b>1</b> 5	1012	1209	1407
132	25,000	342	.712	1.403	6993	785	471	1101	992	1053	876	729	869	1024	1186	1405	1609
133	25,000	342	.719	1.406	6459	781	472	1098	1004	1055	913 945	837 905	985 1053	1147	1316 1355	1520 1545	1731 1728
	25,000 25,000	342 342	.709	1.397	5944	774	472	1087	1038	1051	1003	1020	1133	1246	1365	1492	1626
136	25,000	342	.719	1.407	4091	778	474	1095	1071	1067	1053	1067	1158	1229	1299	1383	1468
137	25,000	342 342	.970	1.836	7895 7692	781	487	1434	1280 1275	1358 1346	1116	830 850	1006	1161	1323	1584 1632	1844
139	25.000	342	.965	1.823	7500	778	489	1418	1271	1338	1114	855	1024	1207	1412	1679	1933
140	25,000	342	.970	1.827	6993	780	491 493	1425	1287	1344	1145 1195	984 1119	1174	1378 1520	1597 1738	1871	2146
	25,000 25,000	342 342	.965	1.819	6459 5944	781 784	493	1432	1305 1338	1359	1257	1220	1404	1601	1805	2037	2269
143	35,000	280	.210	1.032	7692	496	444	512	460	508	395	292	362	419	482	609	714
144	35,000	280	.215	1.034	7500	493	445	510	458 464	508	395 404	303 327	373	430 468	486 545	60 <b>6</b>	711 764
145	35,000	280	.210	1.032	6459	496	445	512	467	509	418	376	447	524	609	714	820
147	35,000	280	.205	1.030	5944	493	445	508	472	509	437	423	500	570	648	739	838
148	35,000 35,000	280	.205	1.030	5024	494	445	509	488	508	470	480 504	543	593 567	649	719 652	792 694
150	35,000	302	.200	1.030	7895	494	456	509	459	522	397	290	353	410	466	564	677
151	35,000	302	.203	1.032	7692	494	456	510	460	520	398	297 304	360 367	417	480	571 586	677
152 153	35,000	302	.200	1.030	7500	494	457	509	460	521	400	340	411	474	551	657	755
154	35,000	302	.198	1.028	6459	496	457	510	469	523	422	376	447	531	616	707	813
155	35,000 35,000	302	.200	1.030	5944 5024	495	456	510	475	524 528	442	425 482	502 538	572 588	650	741	833 778
157	35,000	302	.200	1.030	4091	494	457	509	500	529	492	494	529	557	593	635	677
158	35,000	302	.198	1.028	3147	496	457	510	506	533 535	502	510 512	524 519	538 533	552	580 547	602 554
159	35,000	302	.203	1.032	2046 7895	498	458	514	510	493	510 395	295	358	400	457	541	647
161	35,000	342	.210	1.032	7692	493	446	509	458	495	396	296	359	416	472	563	662
162	35,000 35,000	342	.205	1.030	7500 6993	494	443	509	458	495	397	304	367 395	424	480 529	571 635	670 726
164	35,000	342	.190	1.026	6459	496	442	509	465	499	416	376	447	517	602	700	799
165	35,000	342	.200	1.028	5944	493	443	507	471	498 502	435	416	493 528	563 585	634	732	824 782
166	35,000	342	.200	1.028	5024	493	444	507	486	502	467	501	536	571	607	649	691
168	45,000	280	.225	1.037	7500	298	442	309	278	313	240	185	228	263	312	390	467
169	45,000	280	.200	1.029	6993 6459	308	446	317	288	324	252 253	209	252 283	301	350	421 438	491 508
170	45,000	280	210	1.037	5944	306	445	316	295	320	274	264	313	355	405	461	524
172	45,000	280	.205	1.030	5024	303	444	312	299	326	290	296	331	359	395	437	486
173	45,000	302	.210	1.032	7895 7692	310	440	320	289	329	250	190		261	296 308	359 364	430
175	45,000	302	.215	1.034	7500	293	438	303	273	313	235	180		251	300	356	420
176	45,000	302	.210	1.033	6993		440	316	286	326 330	251 261	207		292 336	334 378	398 442	468 512
178	45,000	302		1.032	6459 5944	308	442	318	296	333	274	269		360	410	466	522
179	45,000	302	.205	1.030	5024	304	442	313	302	327	292	297	075	361	403	438	487
180	45,000	342		1.026		312	440	320	289	311	250	192	235	256	291	340 352	411
182	45,000		.200	1.029	7500	310	440	319	288	311	250	197	233	268	310	-366	430
183	45,000	342	.190	1.026	6993	310	440	318	288	310	253	204	247	296	338 380	402	465 507
	45,000		.190	1.026	5944		440	318	292	312	263	240 265	275 307			455	518
186	45,000	342	.200	1.029	5024	306	443	315	302	311	293	292	334	362	390	426	475
187	50,000	280	.190	1.027	7500		443	231	208	224	180	148	176	204	239	302	359
189	50,000	280	.185	1.025	6459	238	441	244	225	236	202	182	224	259	301	344	400
190	50,000	280	.185	1.025	5944	239	440	245	229	239	212	211	246	281	316	366	415

NACA RM E9G28 DATA FOR TURBOJET ENGINE - Concluded

	ompre tatic (1b	pres		Paa	çe	Straightening-vane static pressure, pga (lb/sq ft abs.)	Compressor-outlet total temperature, T <sub>S</sub> (oR)	Compressor-outlet total pressure, P3 (1b/sq ft abs.)	Compressor-outlet static pressure, p3 (lb/sq ft abs.)	Compressor pressure ratio, P3/P1	Corrected engine speed, N/401, (rpm)	Compressor Mach	Air flow, Wa,1 (1b/sec)	Corrected air flow, Wa, 1/61/51, (lb/sec)	Compressor efficiency, $\eta_c$ , (percent)	d.
7	8	9	10	11	12	st (1	H CO	Comp tota (1b/	1 st C	0 8	S p	Coo	-			Run
973	1022	1044	1065	1065	1044	1051	526	1134	1070	1.421	3348	0.377	11.80	29.41	71.2	128
1588 1618	1982	2397	3017 2984	3608 3554	4291 4187	4889	835 822	5191 5058	5099	4.755	8290 8054	.934	51.83	95.66	72.7	129
1675	2048	2435	2963	3505	4083	4632	805	4902	4720	4.485	7868	.887	51.43	94.92	76.0	131
1841	2200	2552	3000	3439	3883	4305	769	4572	4391	4.152	7343	.828	50.49	92.42	79.4	132
1943	2259	2555	2907	3217	3505	3787	731	4041	3947	3.680	6775	.764	47.18	86.67	82.3	133
1911	2179 1922	2411 2041	2658	2862	3010	3172 2217	695 624	3405 2381	3267 2285	3.132	62 <b>3</b> 5 5270	.703	41.99	77.93	81.7	134
1538	1644	1700	1728	2203	1581	1574	566	1685	1607	2.202	4279	.594	32.18	60.04	67.6	135
2119	2618	3161	3949	4716	5582	6371	848	6750	6507	4.708	8148	.918	66.93	95.73	75.2	137
2167	2660	3181	3892	4603	5370	6102	833	6462	6226	4.538	7938	.895	65.99	94.96	76.2	138
2221	2700	3200	3869	4523	5227	5889	819	6241	6004	4.402	7725	.871	65.18	94.42	78.2	139
2427 2513	2892	3321 3259	3885 3674	4399	4927	5412 4632	784 746	5757 4962	5530 4727	4.041 3.492	7189 6627	.810	63.24 58.44	91.35	82.3	140
2488	2812	3086	3368	3565	3684	3868	706	4162	3980	2.906	6099	.687	53.07	76.45	82.6	142
968	1165	1566	1820	2157	2411	2692	845	2862	2784	5.590	8315	.937	24.42	93.37	70.4	143
901	1120	1443	1739	2056	2267	2556	825	2717	2640	5.327	8100	.913	24.43	93.85	71.8	144
890 947	1101	1313 1306	1594 1524	1841	2143 1953	2390 2150	777 738	2515 2256	2432	4.893	7545 6976	.850	24.05	91.76	77.4	145
937	1091	1225	1387	1528	1676	1809	697	1903	2184 1845	4.406	6420	.786	22.87	87.52 79.33	80.2	146
860	966	1036	1128	1198	1261	1311	627	1385	1339	2.721	5426	.612	15.99	61.55	81.1	148
736	793	835	877	898	912	933	568	980	962	1.918	4414	.497	11.23	43.10	74.8	149
846	1064	1395	1789	2022	2268	2529	861	2702	2622	5.308	8424	.949	23.65	92.14	68.9	150
	1036	1282 1240	1627 1550	1909	2191	2444 2353	833	2604 2503	2527 2427	5.106	8207 7995	.925	23.70	92.16	71.8	151 152
	1065	1255	1502	1734	1980	2213	774	2333	2253	4.583	7455	.840	23.01	89.73	78.7	153
	1094	1263	1453	1636	1827	2003	739	2102	2035	4.122	6885	.776	21.59	84.03	80.9	154
931	1072	1199	1347	1474	1593	1713	699	1807	1745	3.543	6342	.715	20.15	78.35	81.8	155
705	940 762	1010 797	1087 832	1137 846	1186	1228 867	632 568	1299	1260 893	2.547	5356 4361	.604	15.14	58.93	80.0	156 157
623	658	665	679	686	679	679	526	707	695	1.386	3355	.378	7.10	27.64	64.8	158
568	582	582	597	590	582	590	489	599	592	1.165	2177	.245	7.15	27.67	65.9	159
752	950	1168	1499	1794	2111	2393	826	2551	2468	5.032	8534	.962	23.86	92.13	68.2	160
768 776	958 959	1162	1457	1732 1705	2056	2323	809 792	2474	2392	4.861	8300 8123	.935	24.06	92.69	70.3	161
846	1022	1205	1437	1670	1923	2148	753	2269	2189	4.467	7587	.855	23.51	90.25	75.5	163
	1080	1235	1432	1608	1798	1974	726	2079	2003	4.084	7002	.789	22.70	87.05	77.1	164
915	1063	1190	1331	1465	1584	1704	683	1804	1743	3.558	6437	.725	20.57	79.28	80.8	165
845	944	1014	1091	1148	1190	1239	616	1312	1269	2.588	5431	.612	15.95	61.59	80.7	166
726	790	825 960	860 1124	874	874	902	571 836	951 1714	925 1669	1.872	4414 8130	.497	11.16	43.08	70.1	167
583	716	850	1026	1174	1343	1484	787	1561	1517	4.924	7545	.850	14.43	89.27	75.5	169
586	698	811	938	1057	1191	1311	741	1374	1336	4.461	6995	.788	13.78	87.41	79.3	170
588	686	771	869	954	1045	1123	702	1181	1146	3.737	6420	.724	12.42	77.00	79.3	171
521 556	585 697	627 922	683 1098	718	754 1450	789	632 859	832 1726	812	2.667 5.394	5431 8574	.612	9.81 15.01	61.55	76.5 65.1	172
540	674	864		1244			831	1657	1608	5.244		.942	14.97	92.22	67.9	
504	638	772	969	1138	1307	1462	805	1551	1506	5.119	8168	.921	14.40	92.34	70.9	175
538	658	785			1256		769	1478	1430	4.677	7594	.856	14.71	90.70	74.2	
583 586	695 684	794	920 860	1040		1280	735 695	1348 1163	1308	4.237	7002 6443	.789	14.34 12.76	88.03 78.33		177
522	586	628	684	712	740	769	629	818	788		5446	.614	9.10	56.75		
488	622	770	988	1178	1361	1523	830	1629	1579	5.091	8574	.966	15.01	91.40	66.8	180
493	620	754	951	1127	1317	1479	816	1575	1530	4.953	8354	.941	14.99	91.84	67.9	
500	620	739	922	1077	1274	1429	796	1521	1470		8145	.918	15.04		69.6	
535 570	655 683	761 782	908	1049	1120	1225	762 731	1420	1373 1253	4.465	7594 7014		13.85	90.31	73.0	
575	673	751	842	912		1067	693	1127	1092	3.578	6443		12.20			185
510	574	609	665	686	714	735	627	782	764	2.483	5441	.613	9.92	61.53	71.5	186
464	570	718	845		1091	1204	843	1276	1244	5.524	8123		10.97			
447	560	658	792			1019	790	1204	1172	4.975	7573	.853	10.34	88.81	74.3	
456	548 542	632	738 683	822 753	928 823	887	740	936	912		6455	.790	9.62	76.51		

NACA



1175

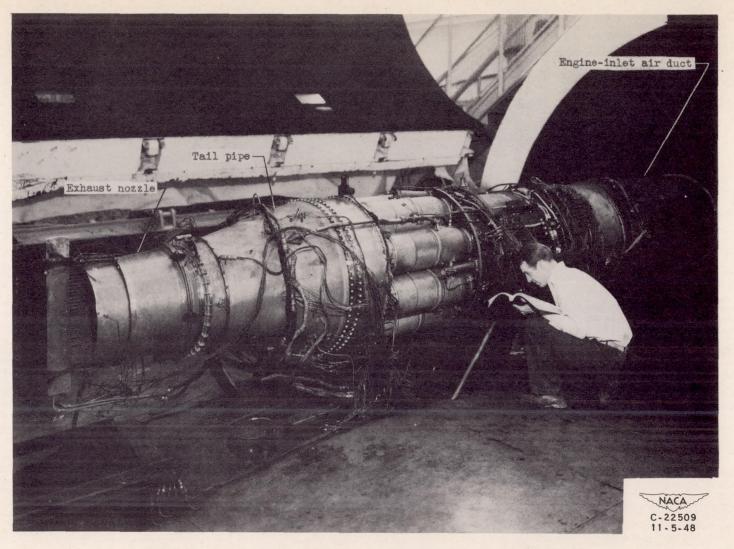
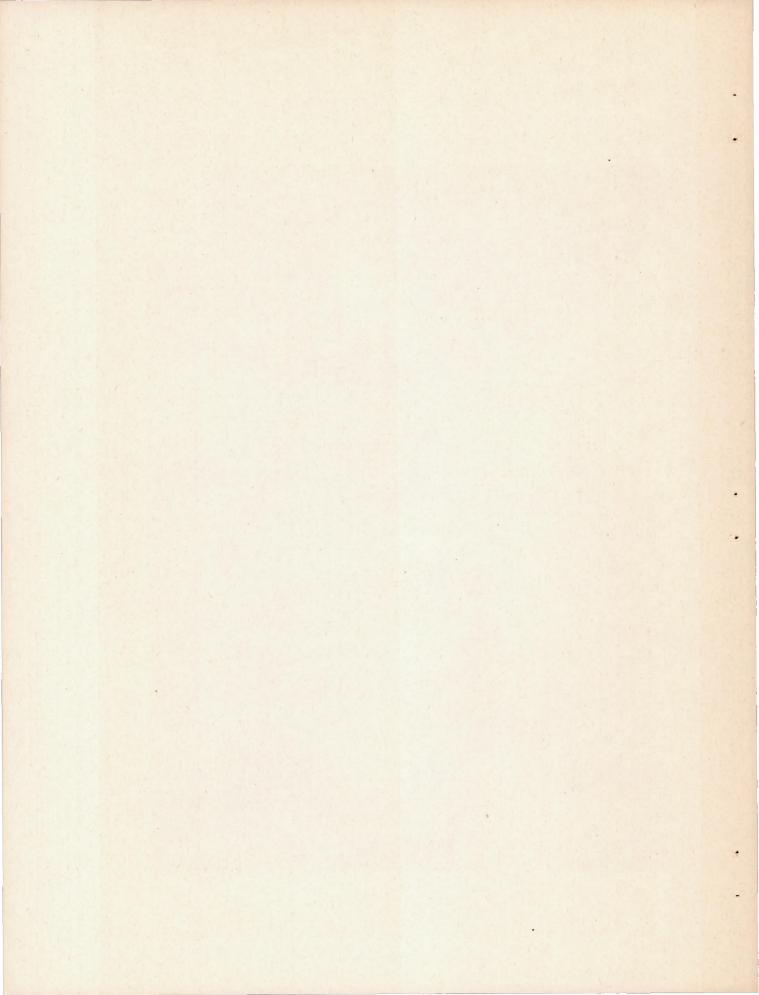


Figure 1. - Installation of turbojet engine in altitude wind tunnel.



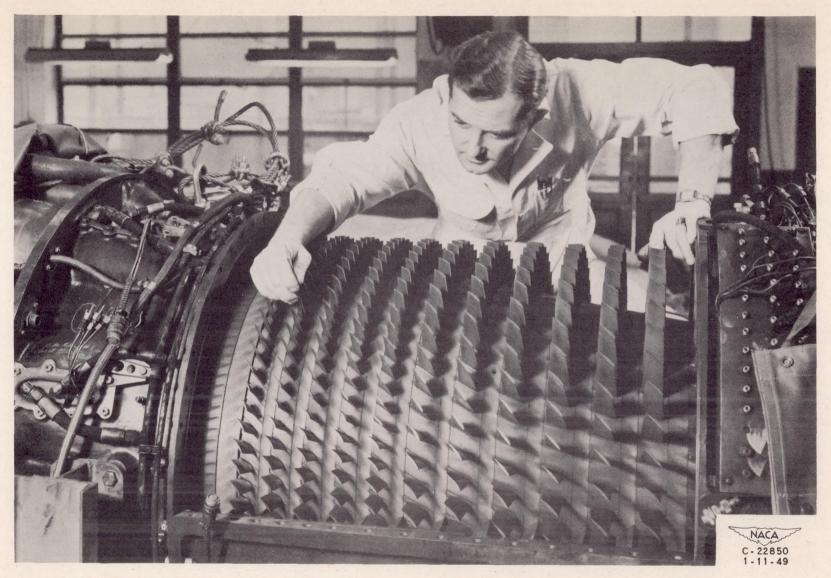
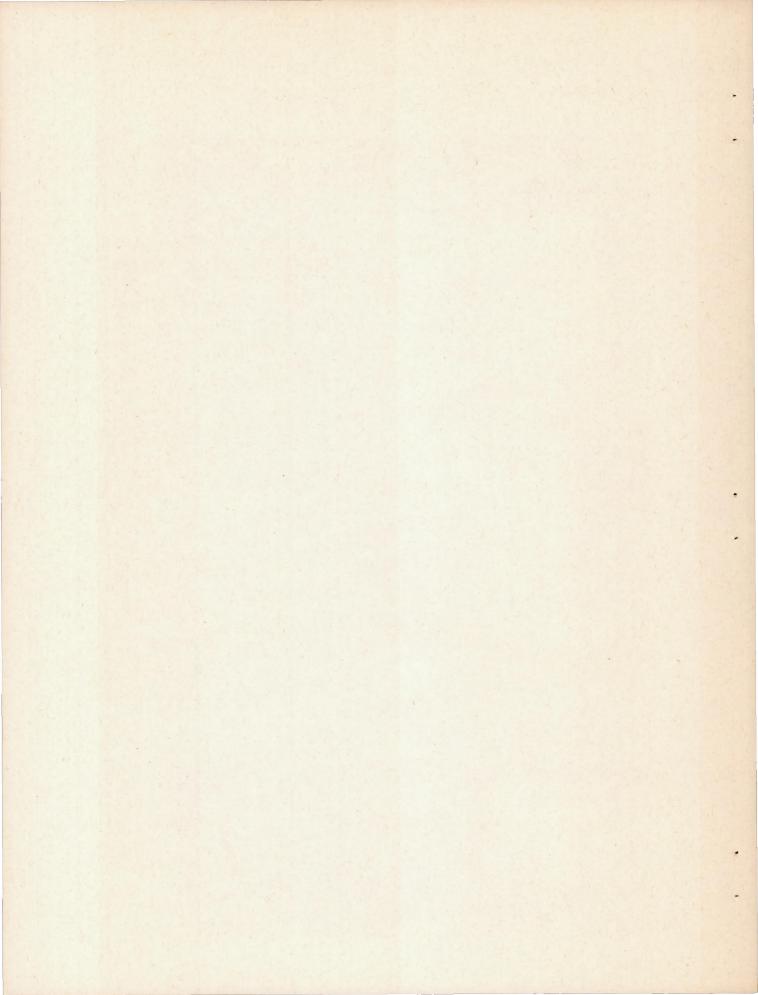


Figure 2. - Compressor installation with one-half of stator casing removed.



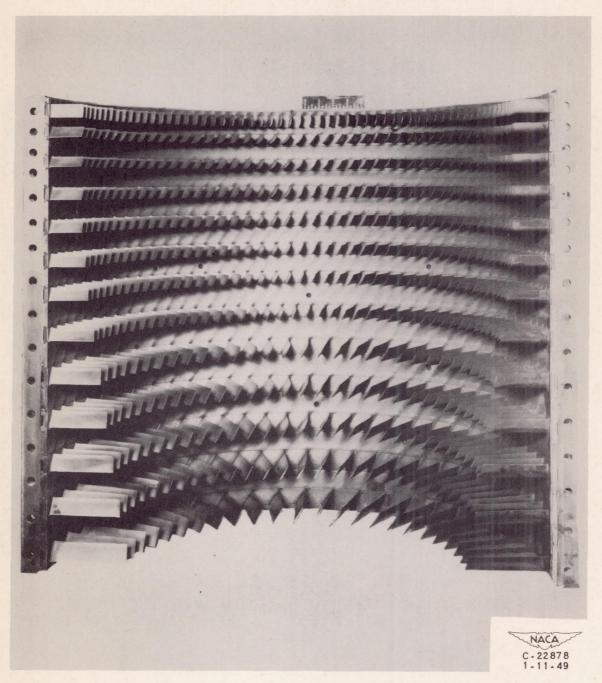
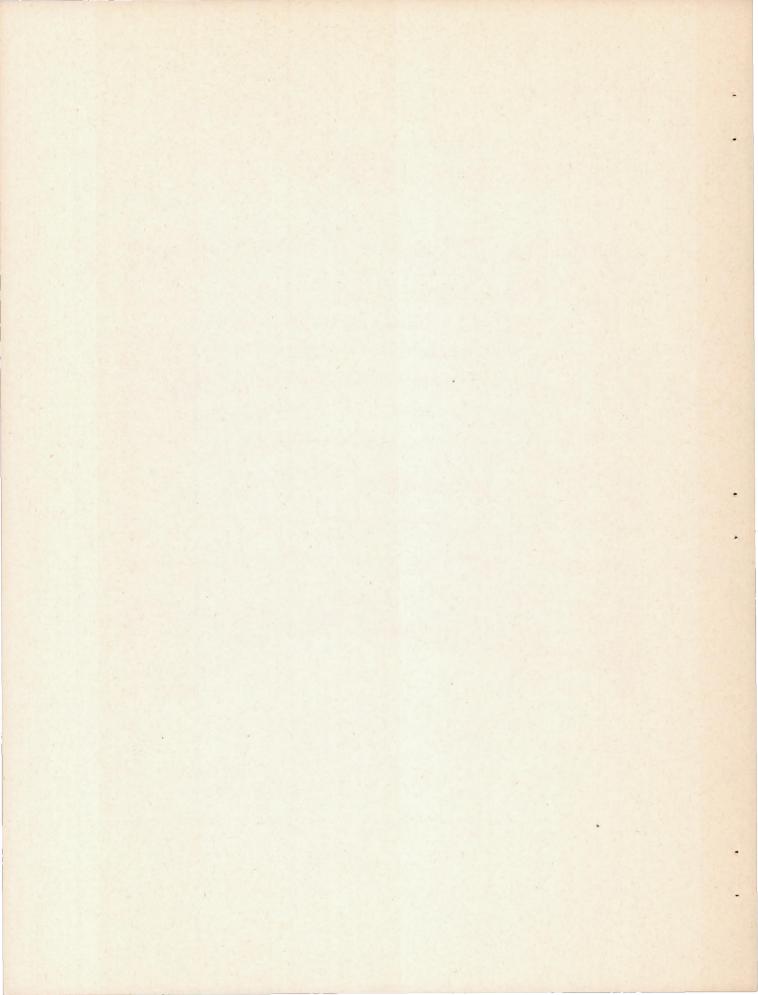


Figure 3. - Top half of compressor-casing assembly showing stator blades and outlet guide vanes.



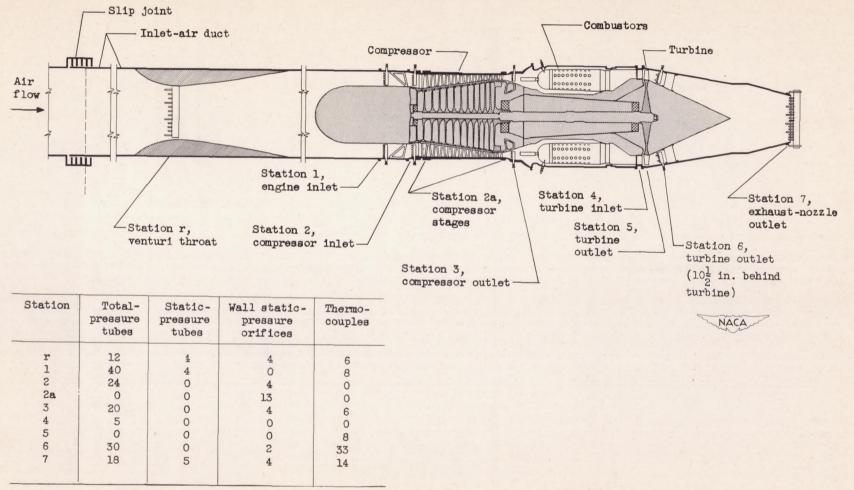


Figure 4. - Cross section of turbojet-engine installation showing instrumentation installations.

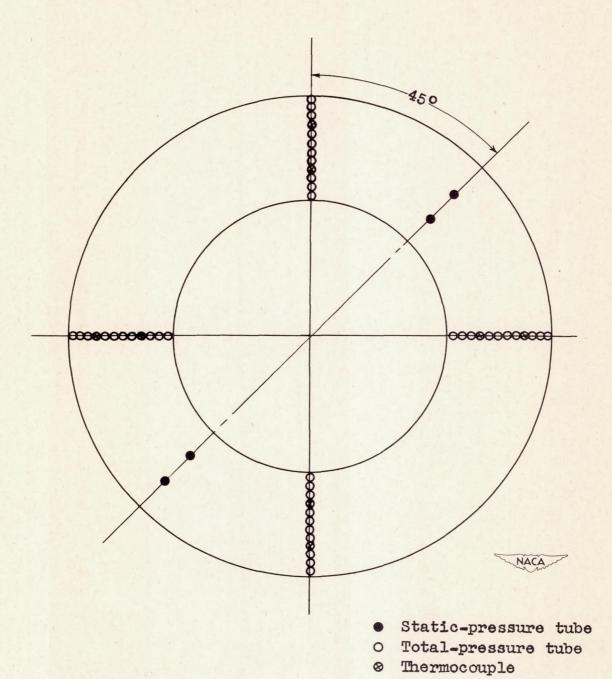
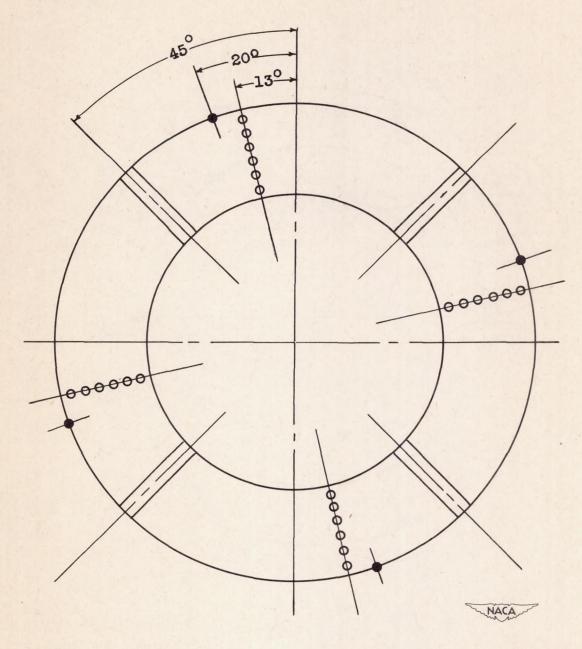
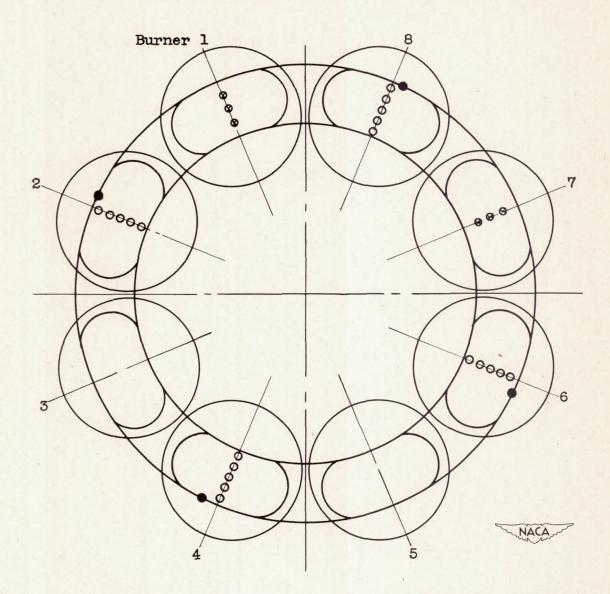


Figure 5. - Instrumentation at engine inlet, station 1,  $18\frac{7}{8}$  inches upstream of leading edge of inlet guide vanes. Viewed from upstream.



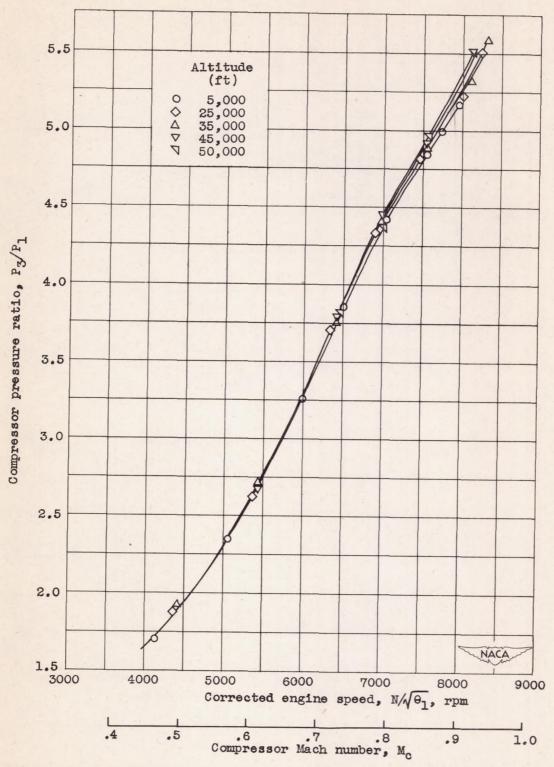
- Static-pressure tube
- O Total-pressure tube

Figure 6. - Instrumentation at compressor inlet, station 2, 5 inches upstream of leading edge of inlet guide vanes. Viewed from upstream.



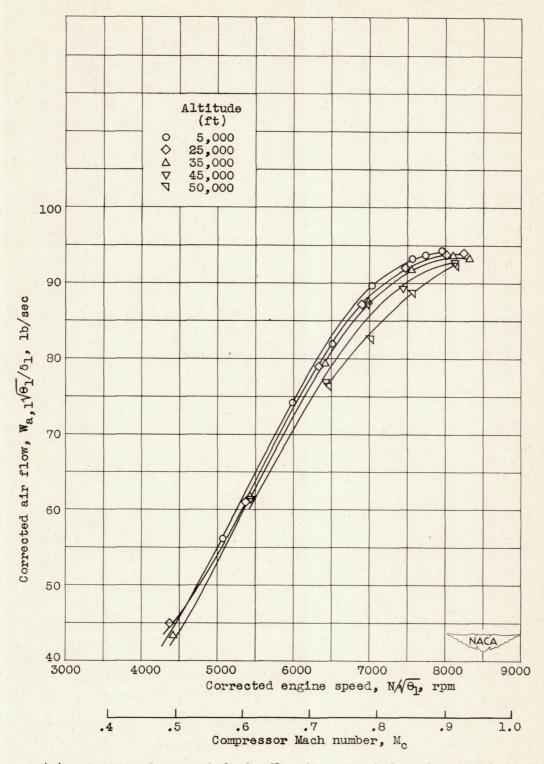
- Static-pressure tube
- O Total-pressure tube
- ⊗ Thermocouple

Figure 7. - Instrumentation at compressor outlet, station 3,  $3\frac{1}{4}$  inches downstream of trailing edge of outlet guide vanes. Viewed from upstream.



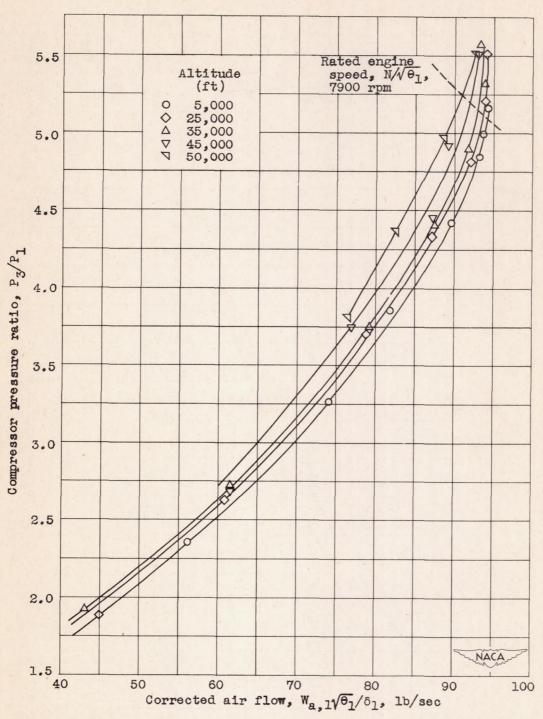
(a) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected engine speed.

Figure 8. - Effect of altitude on compressor operating line. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.



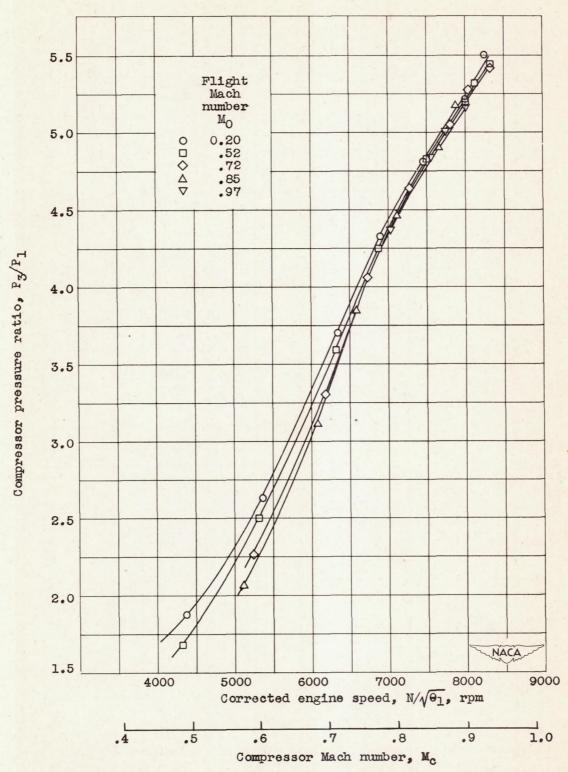
(b) Relation of corrected air flow to corrected engine speed.

Figure 8. - Continued. Effect of altitude on compressor operating line. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.



(c) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected air flow.

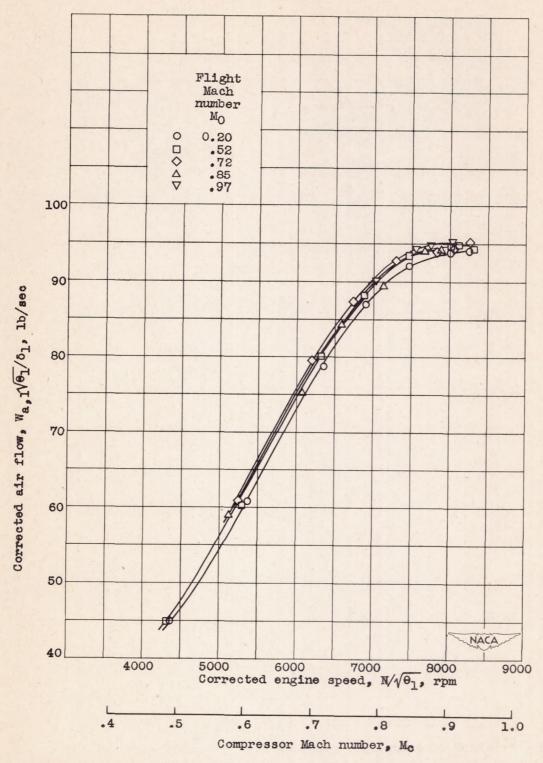
Figure 8. - Concluded. Effect of altitude on compressor operating line. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-cutlet area, 280 square inches.



(a) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected engine speed.

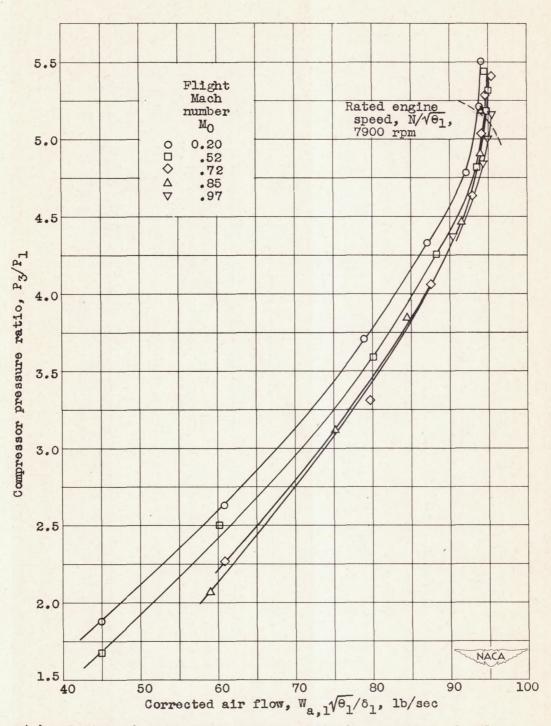
Figure 9. - Effect of flight Mach number on compressor operating line.

Altitude, 25,000 feet; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.



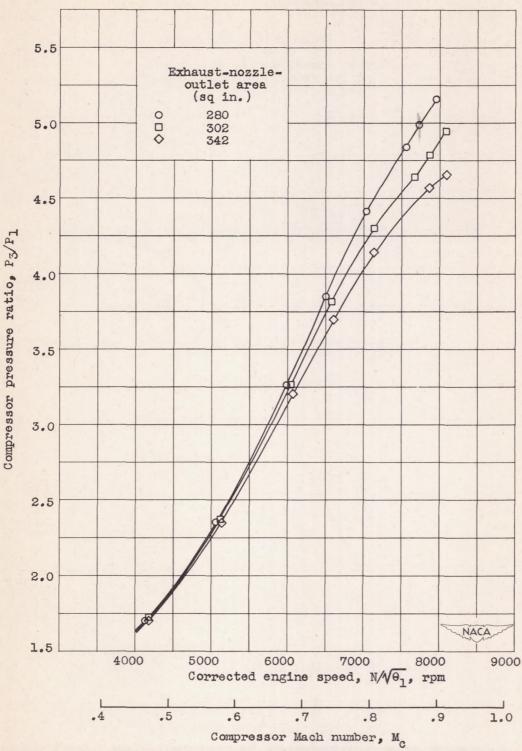
(b) Relation of corrected air flow to corrected engine speed.

Figure 9. - Continued. Effect of flight Mach number on compressor operating line. Altitude, 25,000 feet; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.



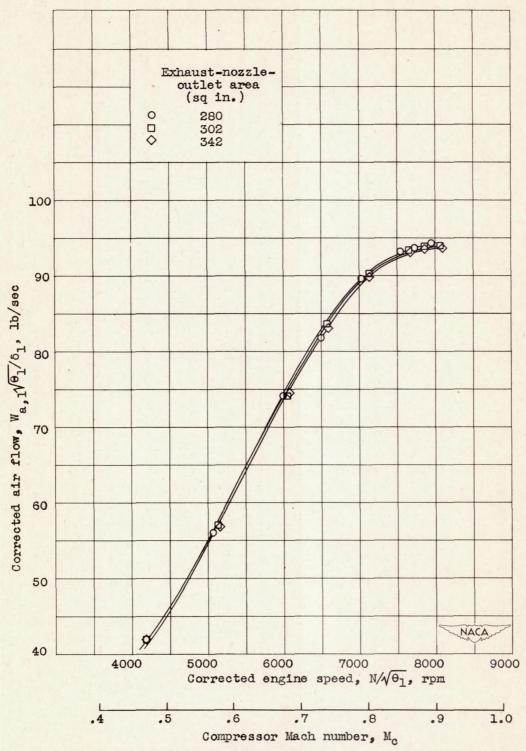
(c) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected air flow.

Figure 9. - Concluded. Effect of flight Mach number on compressor operating line. Altitude, 25,000 feet; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.



(a) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected engine speed.

Figure 10. - Effect of exhaust-nozzle-outlet area on compressor operating line. Altitude, 5000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.20.

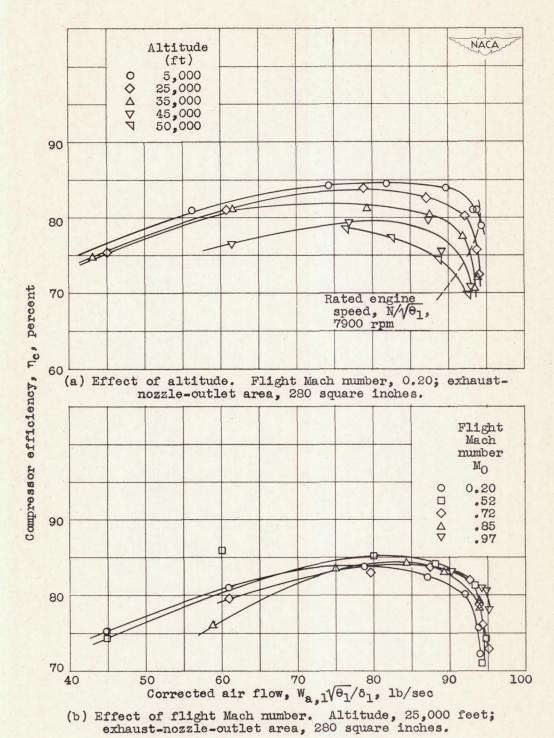


(b) Relation of corrected air flow to corrected engine speed.

Figure 10. - Continued. Effect of exhaust-nozzle-outlet area on compressor operating line. Altitude, 5000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.20.

(c) Relation of compressor pressure ratio to corrected air flow.

Figure 10. - Concluded. Effect of exhaust-nozzle-outlet area on compressor operating line. Altitude, 5000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.20.



exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.

Figure 11. - Relation between compressor efficiency and corrected

air flow.

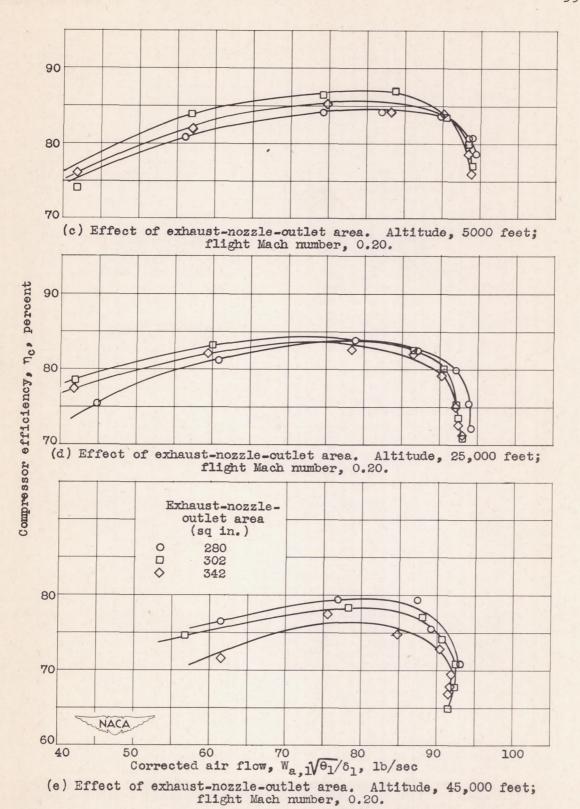


Figure 11. - Concluded. Relation between compressor efficiency and corrected air flow.

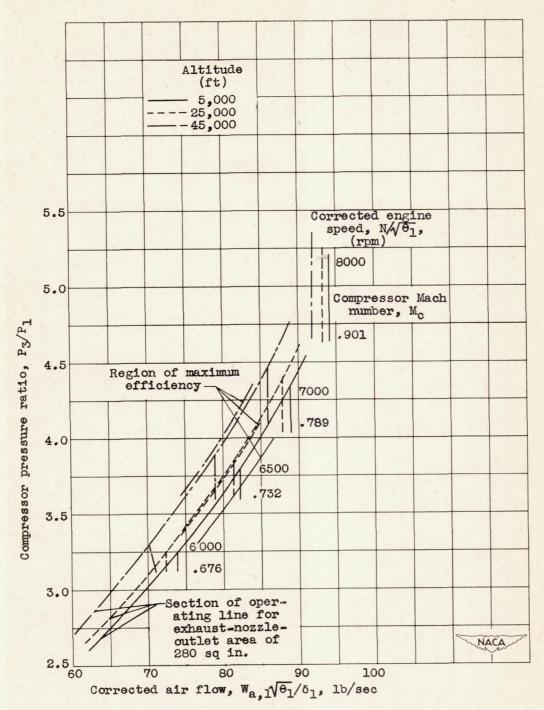


Figure 12. - Effect of altitude on relation between compressor pressure ratio and corrected air flow at constant corrected engine speed with operating lines for minimum exhaust-nozzle-outlet area and lines of region of maximum efficiency superimposed. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 to 342 square inches.

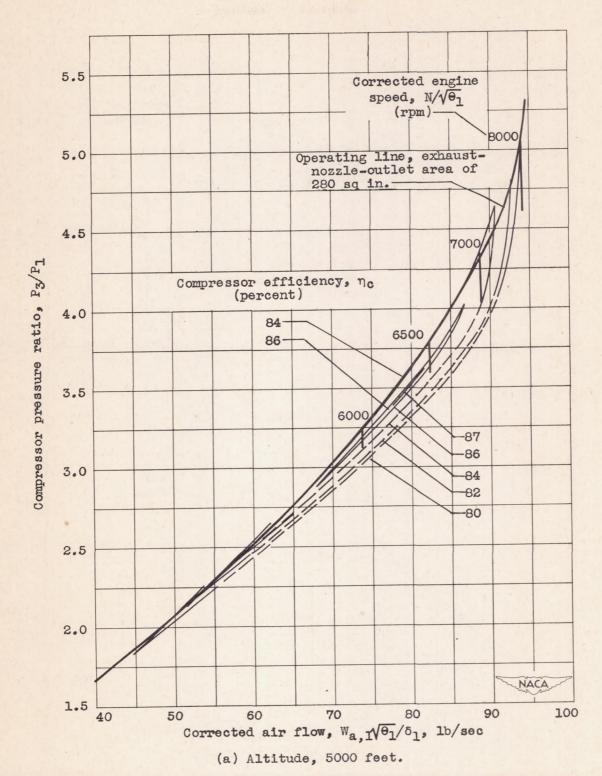


Figure 13. - Effect of altitude on compressor-performance characteristics with operating line for minimum exhaust-nozzle-outlet area superimposed. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 to 342 square inches.

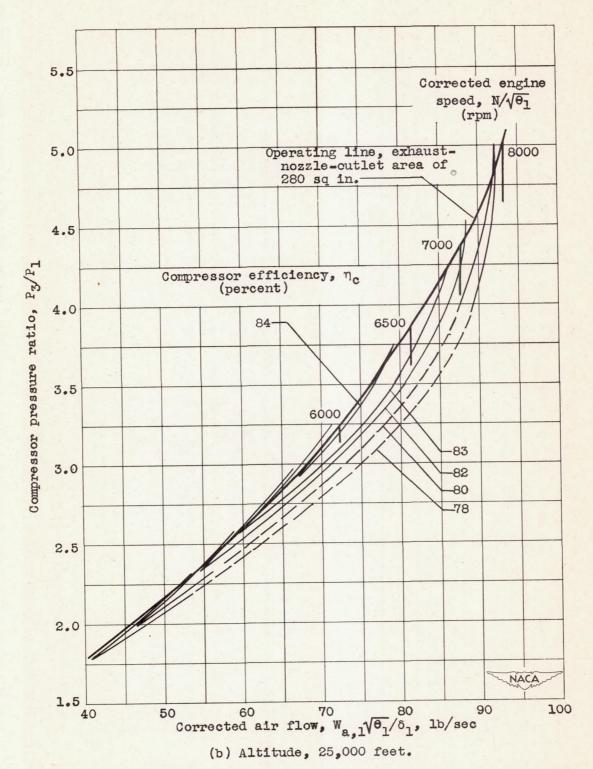


Figure 13. - Continued. Effect of altitude on compressor-performance characteristics with operating line for minimum exhaust-nozzle-outlet area superimposed. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 to 342 square inches.

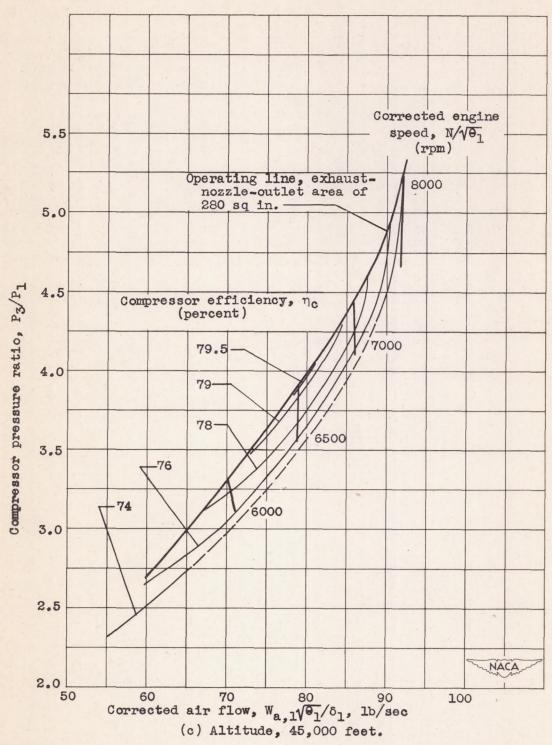
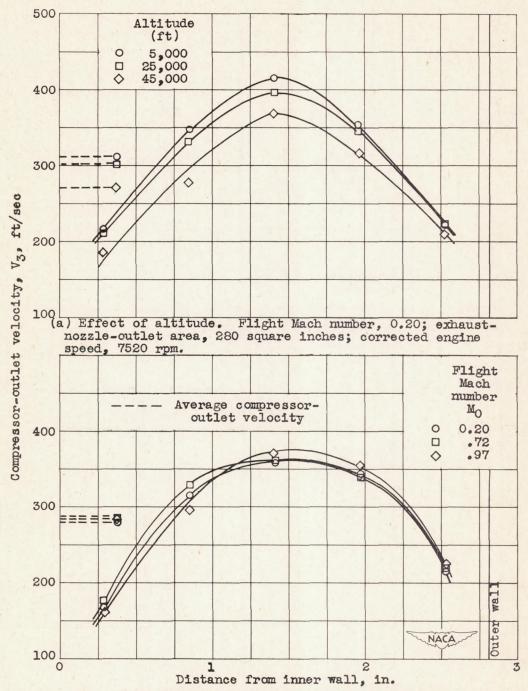


Figure 13. - Concluded. Effect of altitude on compressor-performance characteristics with operating line for minimum exhaust-nozzle-outlet area superimposed. Flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 to 342 square inches.

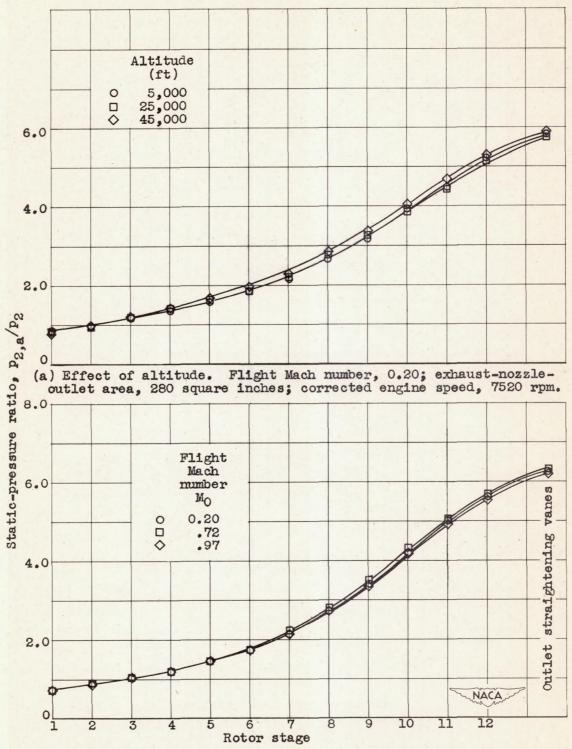


(b) Effect of flight Mach number. Altitude, 25,000 feet; exhaust-nozzle-cutlet area, 280 square inches; corrected engine speed, 8026 rpm.

Figure 14. - Velocity profile at compressor outlet.

(d) Effect of engine speed. Altitude, 5000 feet; flight Mach number, 0.20; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches.

Figure 14. - Concluded. Velocity profile at compressor outlet.



(b) Effect of flight Mach number. Altitude, 25,000 feet; exhaust-nozzle-outlet area, 280 square inches; corrected engine speed, 8026 rpm.

Figure 15. - Compressor-rotor-stage static-pressure-ratio profile.

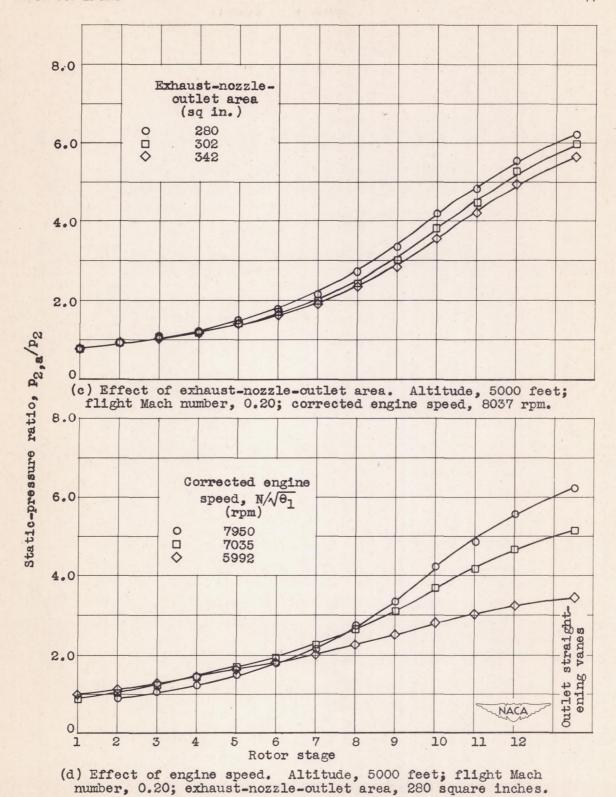
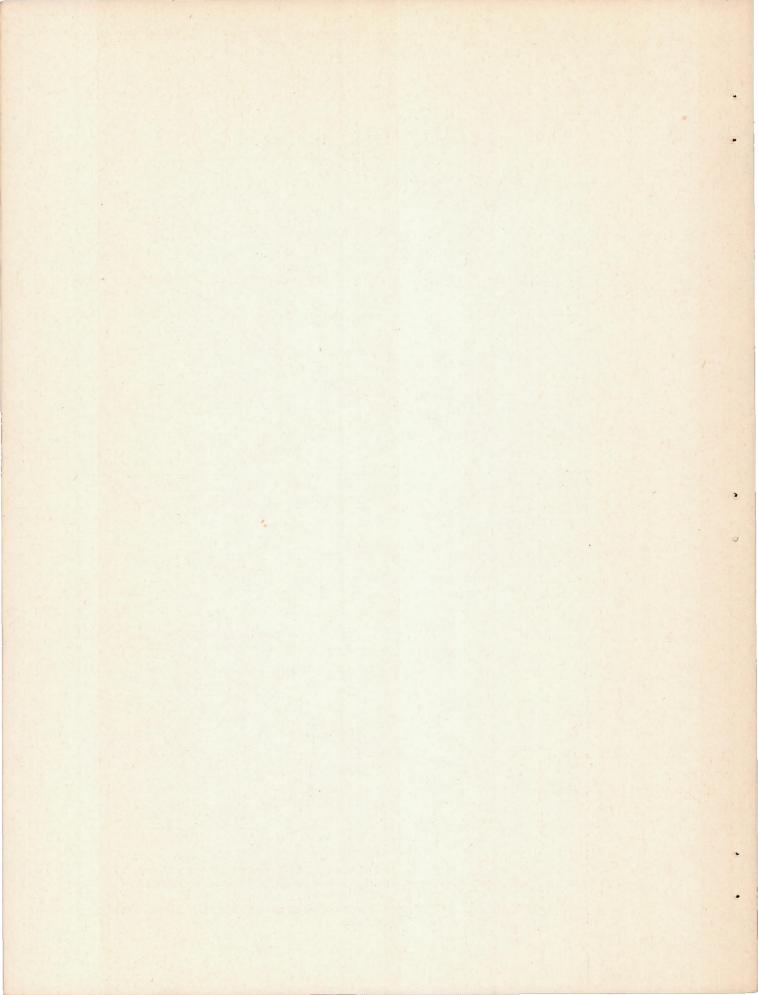
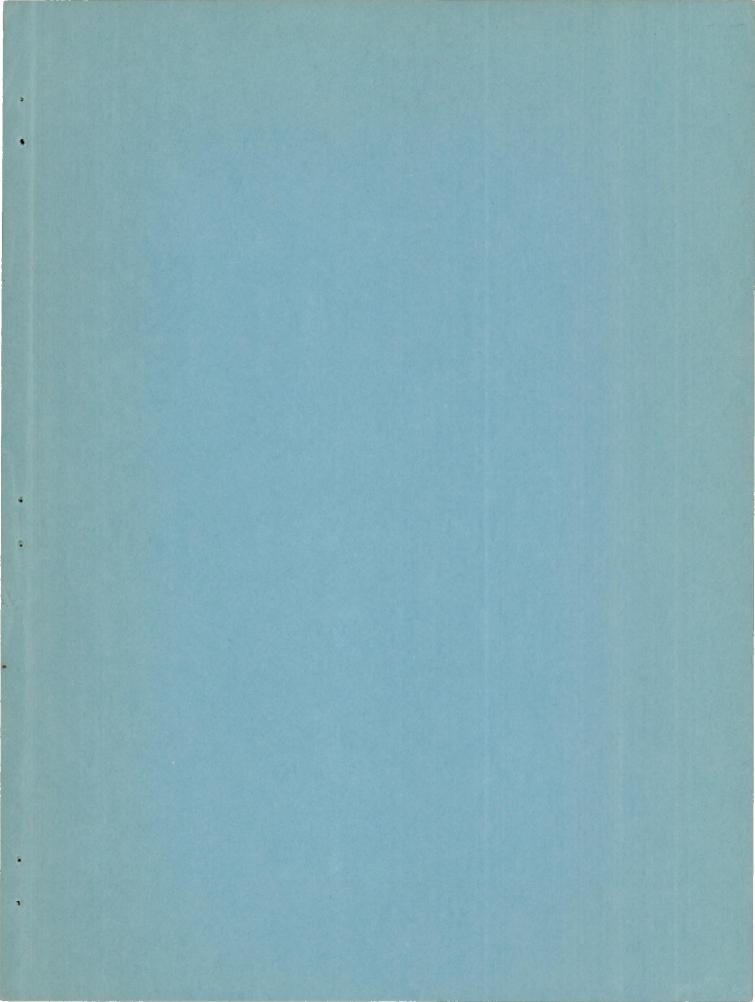


Figure 15. - Concluded. Compressor-rotor-stage static-pressure-ratio profile.





## SECURITY INFORMATION CONFIDENTIAL

CONFIDENTIAL